



ELECTRONIC
INNOVATIONS
IN ACTION

TUBES

OBJECTIVE TECHNICAL INFORMATION

These ratings represent the design objective for this product. Refer to the Preliminary Technical Information sheet for ratings currently achieved in the progression towards design objectives. If PTL sheets do not exist, consult your local Tube Department Regional Sales Office.

DEVELOPMENTAL
TYPE

ZR-7544
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ZR-7544

TRIGGERED VACUUM GAP

85 Kilovolts
30,000 Amperes

Fires at 1000 Volts
Ceramic Envelope

The ZR-7544 is a cold-cathode, vacuum, triggered spark gap capable of switching at high voltage. Unique design combines the desirable features of vacuum and gas devices. These include extremely wide voltage range, ease of triggering, high voltage capability, rapid recovery time, stability of characteristics and reliability.

Although capable of withstanding a hold-off voltage of 85 kilovolts indefinitely, the ZR-7544 will fire reliably at voltages as low as 1000 volts. It will reliably switch non-repetitive high current pulses with minimum delay and jitter in high-voltage circuits. Applications include "crowbars"* and switching energy-storage capacitors into resistive loads.

The ZR-7544 can be immersed in insulating oil, in electronegative gas at atmospheric pressure, or in air, where the surface stress of 7 KV/inch is acceptable.

ELECTRICAL

Heater Voltage None Required

MECHANICAL

Mounting Position Any
Net Weight, approximate 6 lbs.

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Interelectrode Leakage Resistance	10,000	Megohms
Main Gap		
Operating Voltage	1000V to 85	Kilovolts
Peak Current		
Unidirectional Pulse, Maximum	30,000	Amperes
Charge Conducted Through Gap per Operation †, maximum	0.4	Coulombs
Discharge Rate, maximum	2	Per Minute
Delay Time ‡, V app. = 150 KV, maximum	0.5	Microseconds
Jitter ‡, V = 75 KV, maximum	0.1	Microseconds
Trigger Gap		
Typical Trigger Firing Circuit:		
Peak Voltage ¶, typical	5	Kilovolts
Short-Circuit Current ◇, typical	75	Amperes
Pulse Width, typical	2.0	Microseconds

*In a "crowbar" application the gap acts as a short-circuiting switch to protect vulnerable high-voltage equipment by removing the direct-current supply voltage within tenths of a microsecond after initiation of the trigger-pulse. Unless the fault is self-clearing, the circuit must subsequently be opened in the usual manner.

† This rating refers to the charge originating from the capacitor bank. For further information concerning "follow-thru" current from the power supply in a given application consult the Microwave Tube Business Section.

‡ From trigger-gap breakdown to main-gap breakdown.

¶ The voltage rise time should be as fast as is consistent with the firing speed and accuracy required. The trigger will fire typically at 1 to 3 kilovolts on the leading edge of the pulse but may fire at lower trigger voltages. Only pulse voltages shall be applied to the trigger. No voltages shall be applied between firings.

◇ Delay time and jitter may be decreased and gap life increased by increasing trigger short-circuit current. Currents up to 200 amperes may be used.

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

The specifications of this type are subject to change. This device is now under development and is made available for experimental purposes only. For the most recent information concerning the status of this development, please consult your local Tube Department Regional Sales Office, or current Preliminary Technical Information for the same catalog number.

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OPERATING NOTES

When discharging or crowbaring energy-storage capacitors, repetitive firing for short periods may be necessary to maintain sufficiently low voltage to protect electrical equipment until circuit is cleared. Restoration of power-supply voltage to maintain service continuity without circuit-breaker action after a self-clearing fault is feasible in a typical circuit by blocking the trigger pulse. This is due to the rapid deionization time and excellent voltage recovery capability of the ZR-7519. For further information consult the General Electric Microwave Tube Business Section, Building 269, Schenectady, New York, FRanklin 4-2211, Extension 5-2507.

