

The numerals are viewed through the dome of the envelope. The numerals will appear upright (within 1.5°) when the tube is mounted with the line through pins 1 and 8 vertical, pin 8 being uppermost.

Socket

type 2422 505 00001

or

2422 505 00002

(Valid over life and full temperature range)

Ignition voltage	V_{ign}	max. 170 V
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Maintaining voltage	V_m	see sheet 4
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Anode current for coverage,

averaged during any conduction period I_a min. 1 mA

Anode current,

average ($T_{av} = \text{max. } 20 \text{ ms}$) I_a max. 3 mA

peak I_{ap} max. 6 mA

Cathode selecting voltage V_{kk} see sheet 5

Extinguishing voltage	V_{ext}	min. 118 V
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D.C. operation

See sheets 5 and 6

A.C. operation

See sheets 5 and 7

1) Bulb temperatures below 10 °C result in a reduced life expectancy and changes in characteristics (see sheet 4).

In designing equipment to be used over a wide temperature range the use of "constant current operation" (high supply voltage with a high anode series resistor) is recommended.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AND RELIABILITY (at $I_a = 2 \text{ mA}$)

Sequentially changing the display from one digit to the others every 1000 h. or less 100.000 h

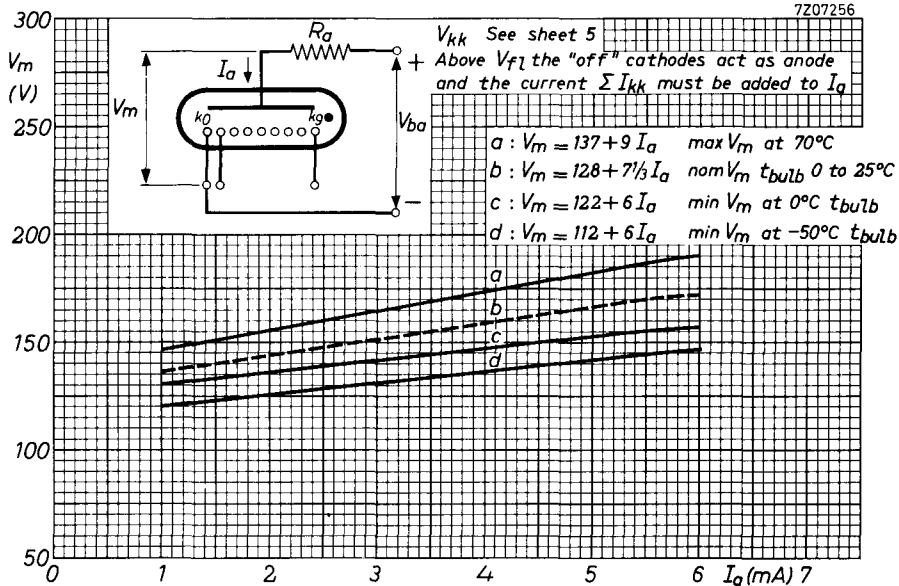
The reliability has been assessed in a life test programme totalling 4.5×10^6 tube hours. The longest test period was 50.000 hrs on 47 tubes. No failures have been found. The Mean Time between Failures is better than 10^6 hrs which corresponds with a failure rate of less than 0.1 % per 1000 hrs at a confidence level of 95 %.

LIMITING VALUES (Absolute max. rating system)

Anode voltage necessary for ignition	V_a	min. 170 V
Anode current, D.C.	I_a	min. 1 mA
rectified A.C. and pulse	I_{ap}	min. 2 mA
average ($T_{av} = \text{max. } 20 \text{ ms}$)	I_a	max. 3 mA
peak	I_{ap}	max. 10 mA ¹⁾
Cathode selecting voltage	V_{kk}	see lines N and W on sheet 5
Bias voltage between anode and "off" cathodes (see sheet 5)	V_{bias}	max. $V_{floating}$
Ambient temperature	t_{amb}	min. -50°C max. $+70^\circ\text{C}$

¹⁾ Above $I_a = 6 \text{ mA}$ the connecting wires and eyelets may be covered by the glow.

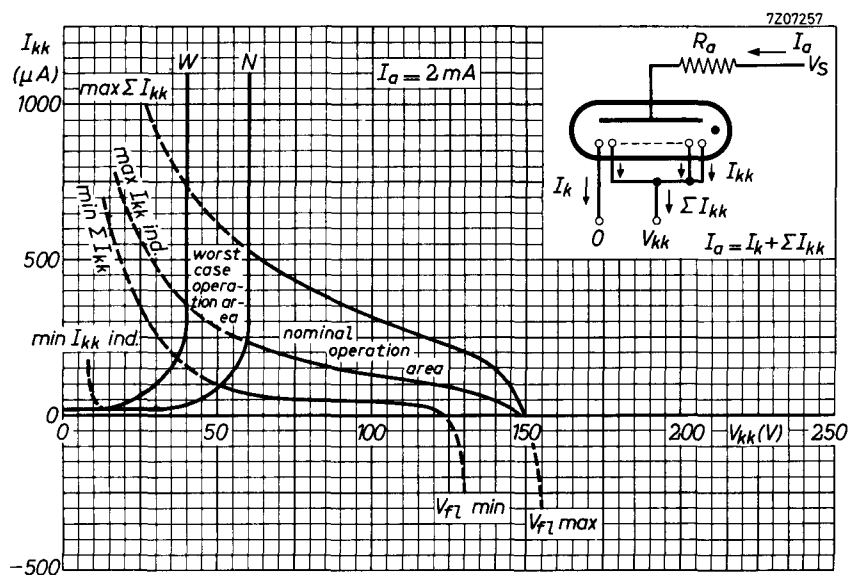
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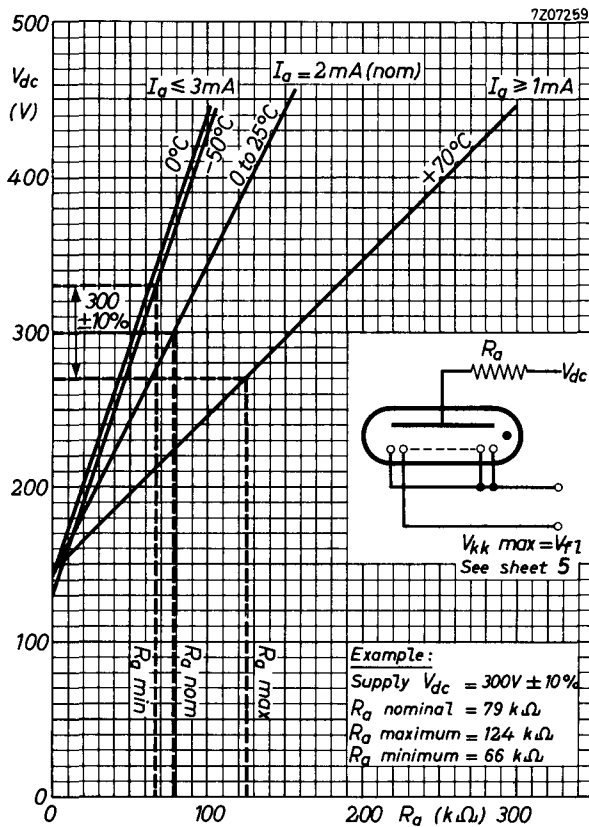
I_{kk} individual and ΣI_{kk} versus cathode selecting voltage V_{kk} at $I_a = 2 \text{ mA}$.
 I_{kk} and ΣI_{kk} are proportional to anode current in the range $V_{kk} = 0$ to 100 V .

The range of V_{fl} ($I_{kk} = 0$) shifts to the right/left at increasing/decreasing anode current (8 V/mA).

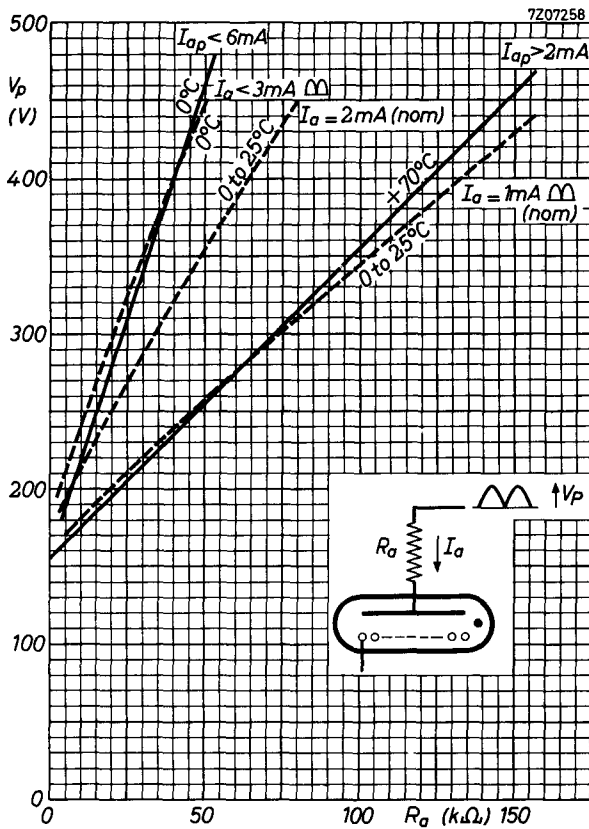
The curves are valid for instantaneous and for average values of anode current.



For low cathode selecting voltages the current I_{kk} to the "off" cathodes will increase and the readability of the "on" cathode will be affected. It is therefore recommended to use a nominal operating point to the right of line N. Under the worst operating conditions the operating point should never reach the area left of line W.



Graph denoting the relationship of D.C. anode supply voltage and required anode resistor to remain within the recommended operating region.



Graph denoting the relationship of the peak value of full-wave unsmoothed rectified A.C. anode supply voltage and the required anode resistor to remain within the recommended operating area.