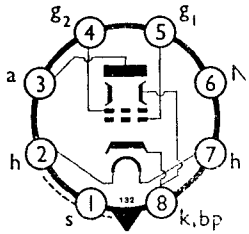
Genalex

BEAM PENTODE
6·3V INDIRECTLY HEATED

KT88
ISSUE 2
MARCH, 1959

The KT88 has an anode dissipation of 35W and is primarily designed for the output stage of an a.f. amplifier for which two valves will provide up to 100W output. Under intermittent conditions, an output of 150W is obtainable in Class B (see Circuit Supplement). It is also suitable for use as a series valve in a stabilised power supply.

BASE CONNECTIONS AND VALVE DIMENSIONS



View from underside of base.

Base : Metal shell wafer octal.
Bulb : Tubular
Max. overall length : 125 mm.
Max. seated length : 110 mm.
Max. diameter : 52 mm.

HEATER

V_h	6·3	V
I_h	1·6	A

MAXIMUM RATINGS

V_a	600	V
V_{g2}	600	V
*$V_{a,g2}$	600	V
p_a	35	W
p_{g2}	6	W
*p_{a+g2}	40	W
I_k	175	mA
V_{h-k}	150	V
R_{g-k} (cathode bias)	220†	kΩ
R_{g-k} (fixed bias)	100†	kΩ

*Triode connection.

†Resistors of 20% tolerance may be used.

CAPACITANCES

c_{g-a}	1·2 pF	c_{in}	16 pF	c_{out}	12 pF

CHARACTERISTICS

Pentode Connection			Triode Connection		
V_a	250	V	$V_{a,g2}$	250	V
V_{g2}	250	V	I_h	160	mA
I_a	140	mA	g_m	12	mA/V
g_m	11	mA/V	r_a	670	Ω
r_a	12	kΩ	μ	8	—
μ_{g1-g2}	8				

Distributors :

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Head Office : Magnet House, Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

KT88

TYPICAL OPERATION

Push-Pull Ultra-Linear. Cathode Bias.

$V_{a(b)}$	500	V
$V_{a,g2}$	425	V
$I_{a+g2(o)}$	2×87	mA
$I_{a+g2(max\ sig)}$	2×100	mA
$p_{a+g2(o)}$	2×40	W
$p_{a+g2(max\ sig)}$	2×18	W
*R_k	2×525±5%	Ω
V_{g1} (approx)	−50	V
$V_{in(g-g)}$	90	V
$R_{L(a-a)}$	6	kΩ
z_{out}	4·5	kΩ
P_{out}	50	W
†D	1	%
†Intermodulation	5	%

*Separate bias resistors are essential.

†Average pair.

Push-Pull Ultra-Linear. Fixed Bias.

$V_{a(b)}$	560	V
$V_{a,g2}$	550	V
$I_{a+g2(o)}$	2×50	mA
$I_{a+g2(max\ sig)}$	2×150	mA
$p_{a+g2(o)}$	2×30	W
$p_{a+g2(max\ sig)}$	2×33	W
*V_{g1} (approx)	−80	V
$V_{in(g-g)}$	120	V
$R_{L(a-a)}$	4·5	kΩ
z_{out}	6·5	kΩ
P_{out}	100	W
†D	3—6	%
Intermodulation	12	%

*A negative bias range of 70±25% is recommended.

†The distortion will vary according to the degree of matching.

Push-Pull Triode Connection. Cathode Bias.

$V_{a(b)}$	400	485	V
$V_{a,g2}$	350	425	V
$I_{a+g2(o)}$	2×67	2×85	mA
$I_{a+g2(max\ sig)}$	2×72	2×90	mA
$p_{a+g2(o)}$	2×24	2×40	W
*R_k	2×525±5%	2×525±5%	Ω
V_{g1} (approx)	−38	−48	V
$V_{in(g-g)}$	60	70	V
$R_{L(a-a)}$	4	4	kΩ
z_{out}	2·5	2·5	kΩ
P_{out}	15	27	W
†D	1—3	1—3	%
Intermodulation	6	6	%

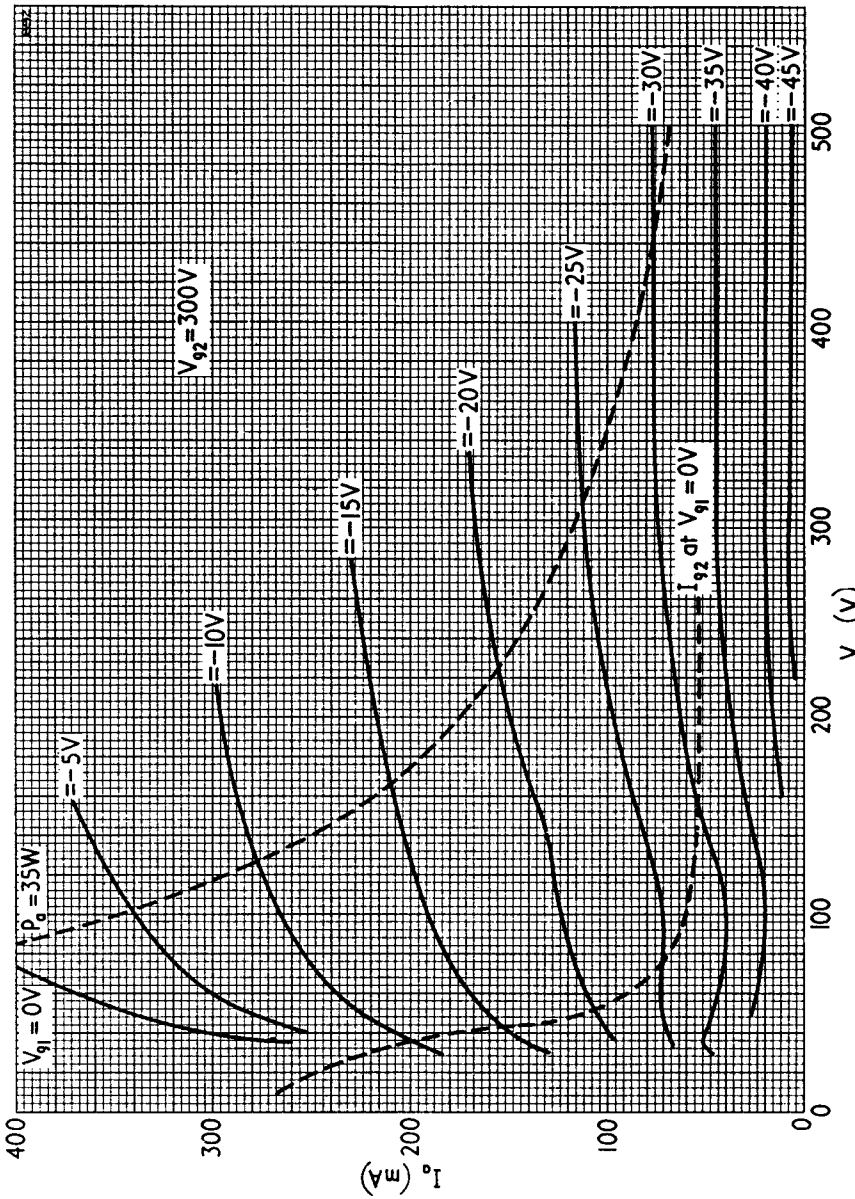
*Separate bias resistors are essential.

†The distortion will vary according to the degree of matching.

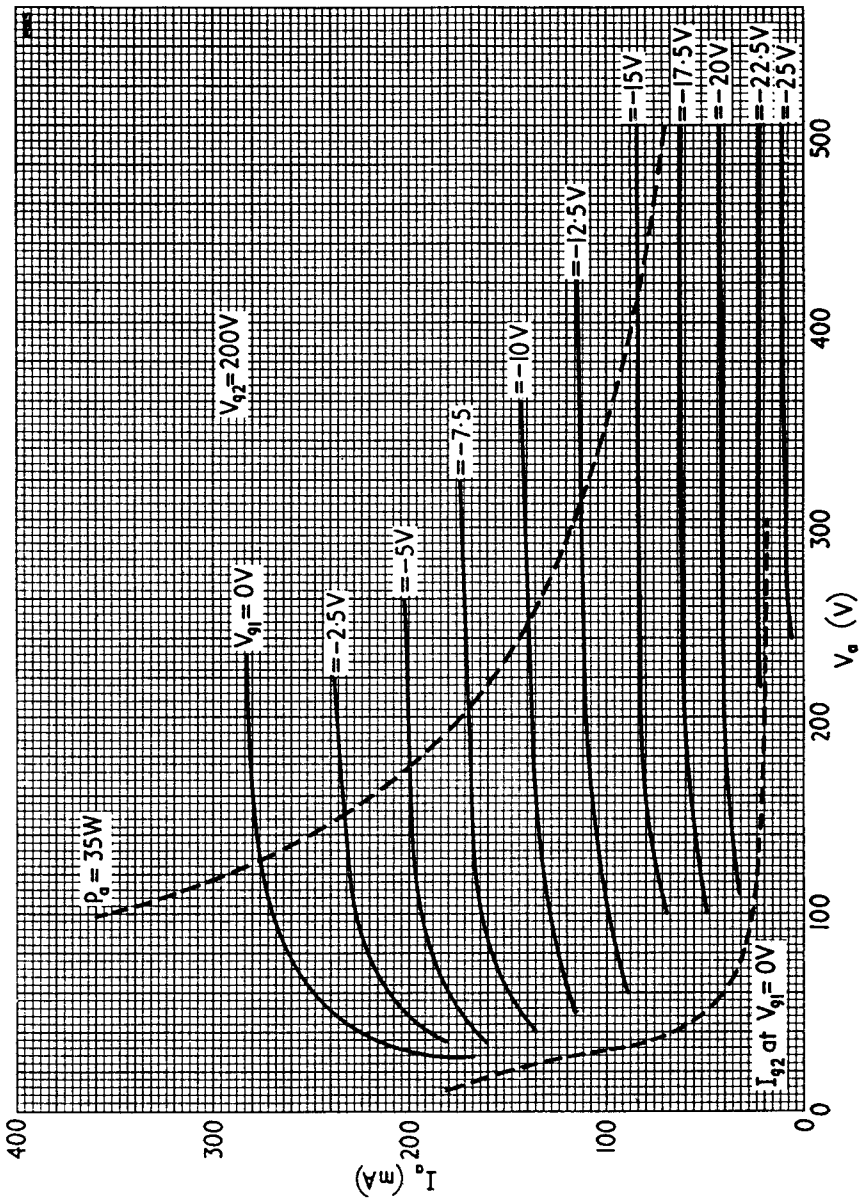
INSTALLATION

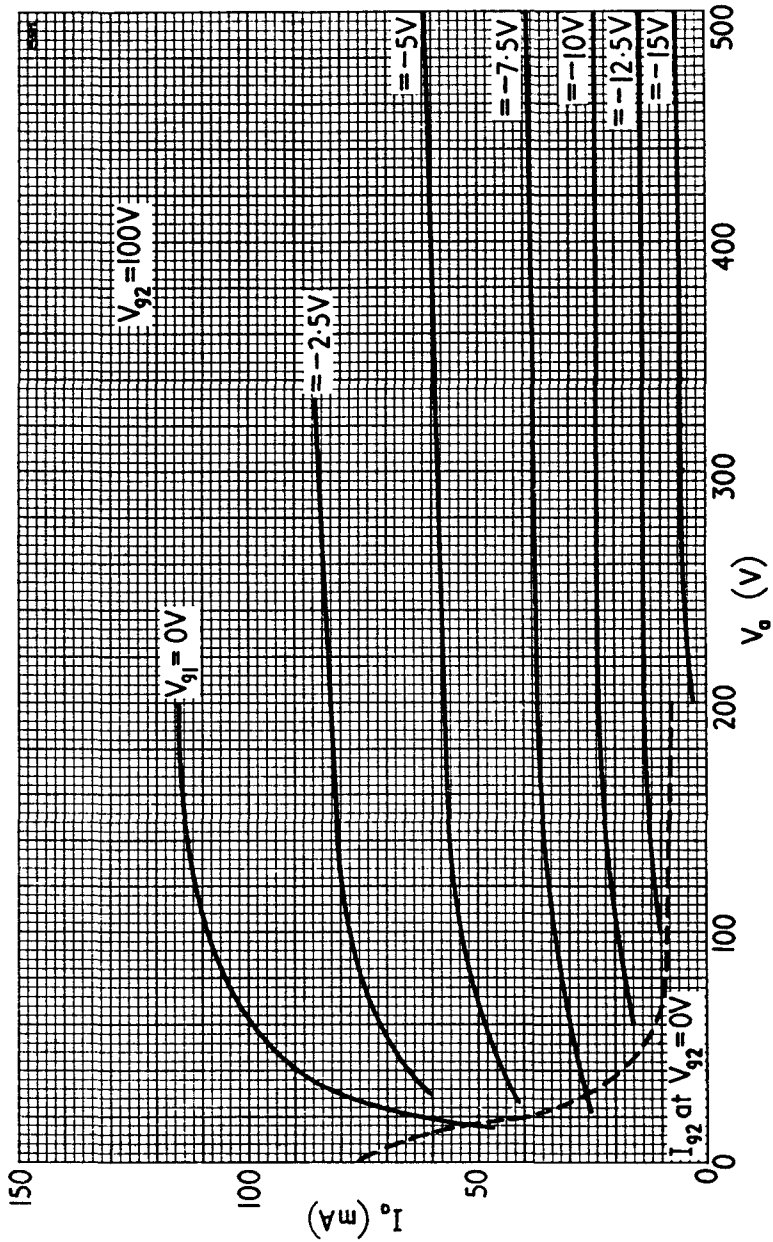
The valve may be mounted horizontally only if pins 4 and 8 are in a vertical plane.

Free air circulation round the valve is desirable ; the hottest part of the bulb should not exceed 250°C.

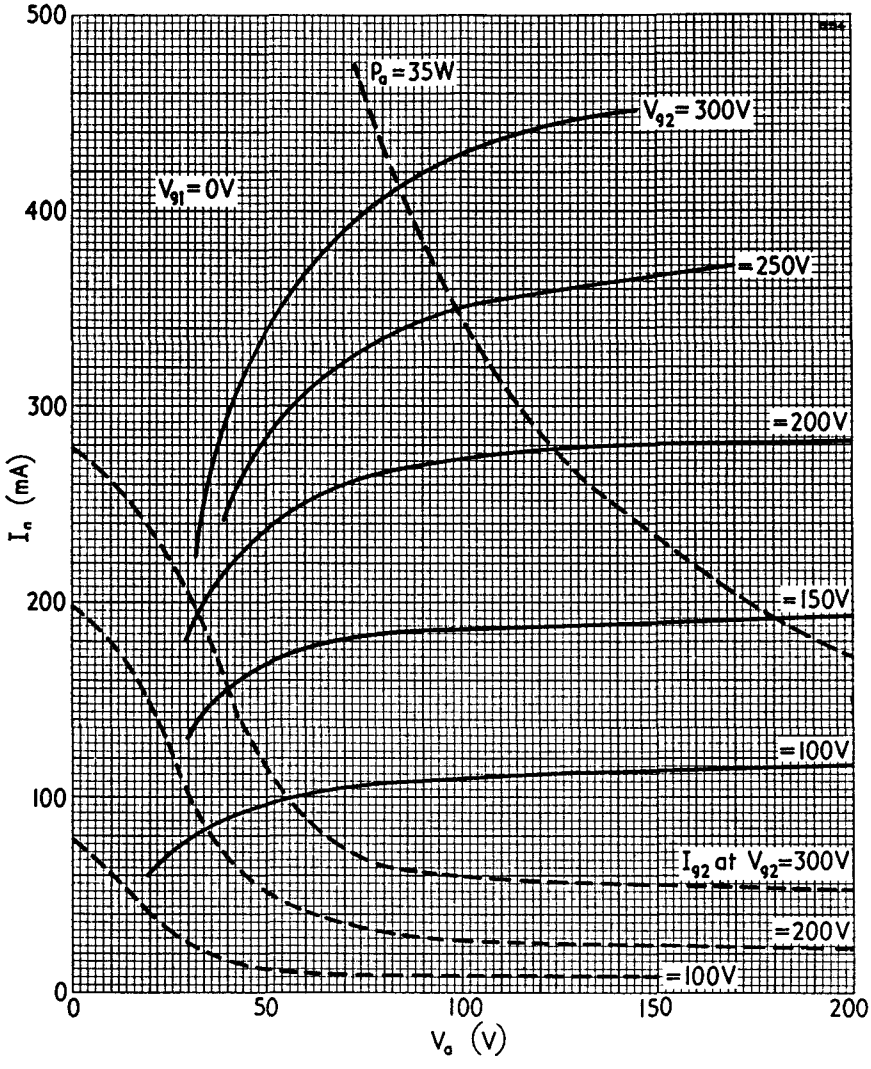

V_{91} = 0V
P_a = 35W
= −5V
= −10V
= −15V
= −20V
= −25V
= −30V
= −35V
= −40V
= −45V
V_{92} = 300V
I_{92} at V_{91} = 0V
I_a (mA)
V_a (V)
0
100
200
300
400
500

KT88

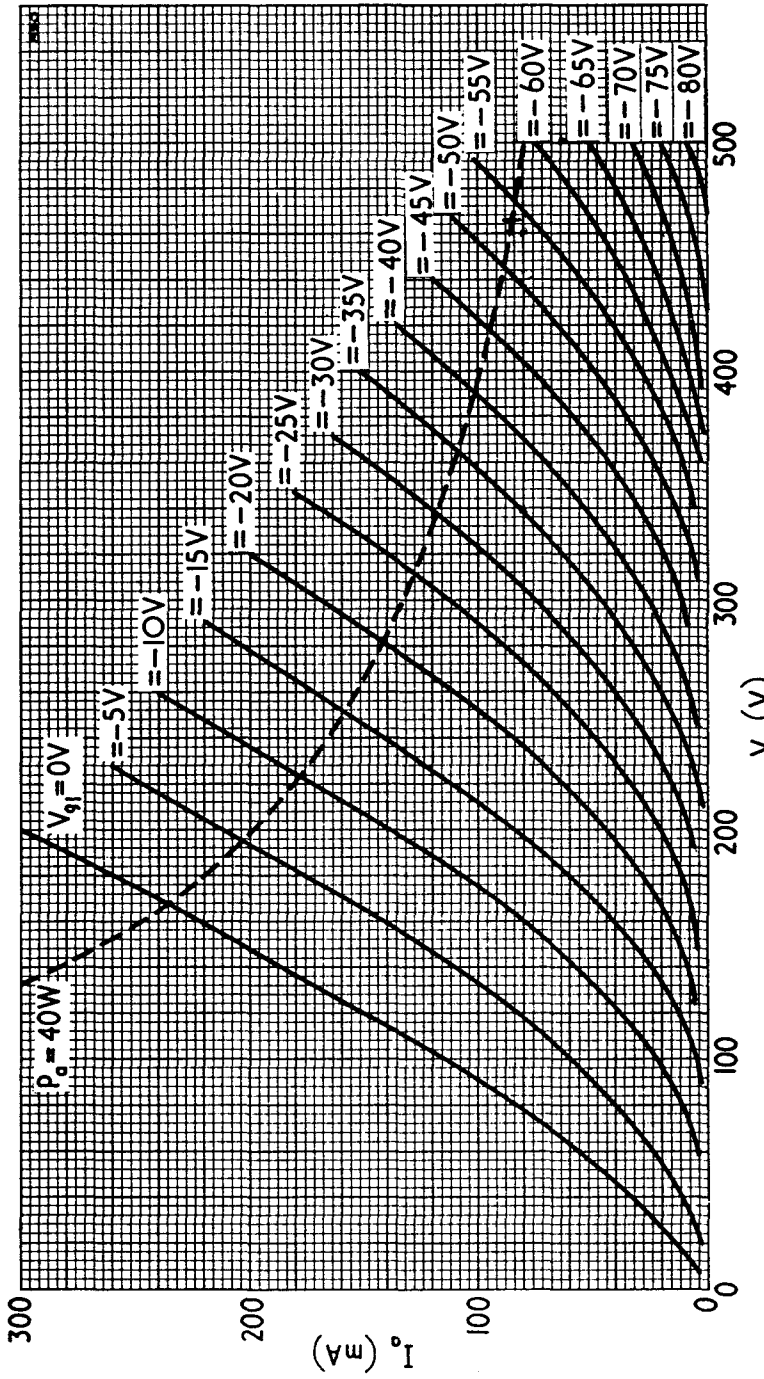

V_{g2}=200V
V_{g1}= 0V
=−2·5V
=−5V
=−7·5
=−10V
=−12·5V
=−15V
=−17·5V
=−20V
=−22·5V
=−25V
P_a= 35W
I_{g2} at V_{g1}= 0V
I_a (mA)
V_a (V)
0
100
200
300
400
500


V_{92}=100V
V_{91} = 0V
=−2·5V
=−5V
=−7·5V
=−10V
=−12·5V
=−15V
I_{92} at V_{92}=0V
I_a (mA)
V_a (V)
0
50
100
150
0
100
200
300
400
500

KT88


500
400
300
200
100
0
I_a (mA)
0
50
100
150
200
V_a (V)
P_a = 35W
V_{g2} = 300V
V_{g1} = 0V
= 250V
= 200V
= 150V
= 100V
I_{g2} at V_{g2} = 300V
= 200V
= 100V

TRIODE CONNECTION



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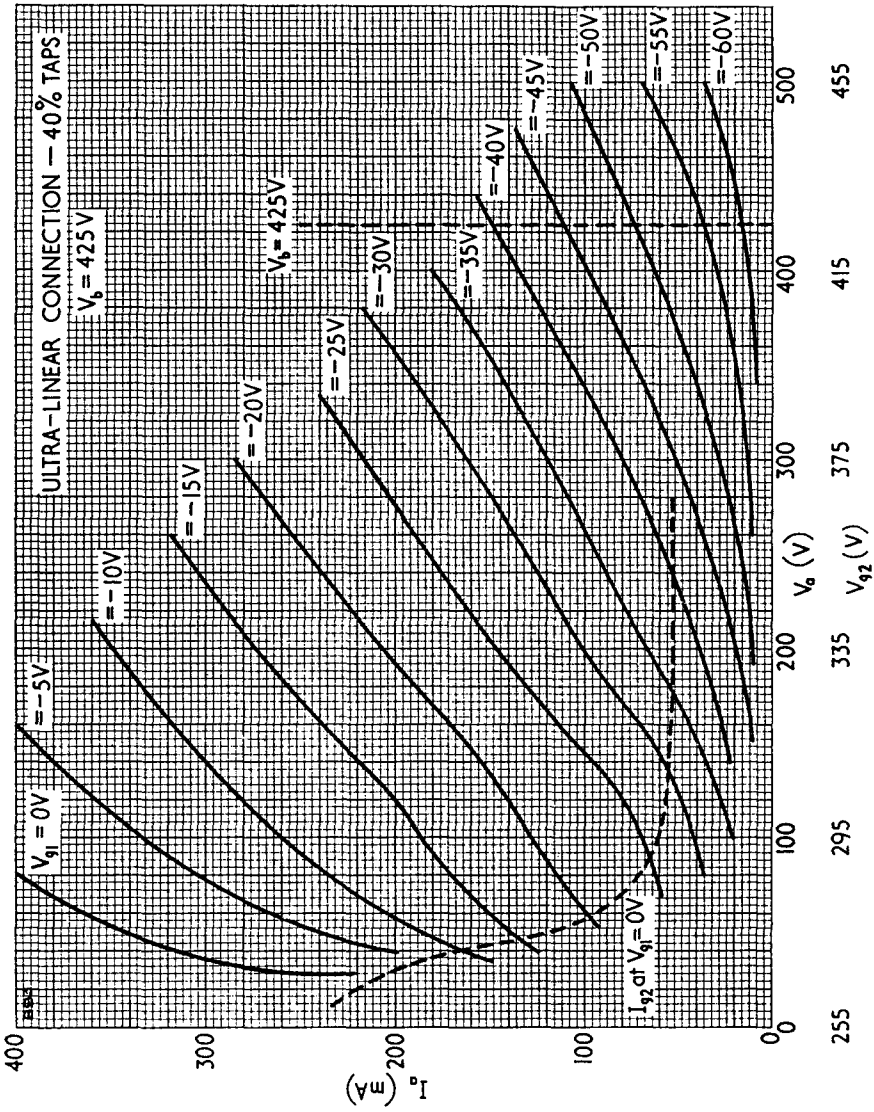

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