

DUAL CONTROL HEPTODE for use in computer circuits
 HEPTODE A DOUBLE COMMANDE pour utilisation dans circuits
 de comptage
 DOPPELGESTEUERTE HEPTODE zur Verwendung in Zählschaltungen

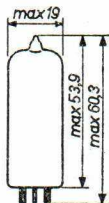
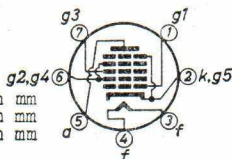
Heating indirect by A.C. or D.C.
 parallel supply

Chauffage: indirect par C.A. ou C.C.
 alimentation parallèle

Heizung . indirekt durch Wechsel-
 oder Gleichstrom; Paral-
 lelspeisung

$$\frac{V_f = 6,3 \text{ V}^1)}{I_f = 270 \text{ mA}^2)}$$

Dimensions in mm
 Dimensions en mm
 Abmessungen in mm



Base, culot, Sockel: MINIATURE

Capacitances (without external shield)
 Capacités (sans blindage extérieur)
 Kapazitäten (ohne äussere Abschirmung)

$C_a = 7,9 \text{ pF}$

$C_{g1} = 5,4 \text{ pF}$

$C_{g3} = 7,0 \text{ pF}$

$C_{ag1} < 0,08 \text{ pF}$

$C_{ag3} < 0,45 \text{ pF}$

$C_{g1g3} < 0,2 \text{ pF}$

¹⁾ In order to obtain a prolonged tube life, the maximum variation of V_f should be less than $\pm 5\%$ (absolute limits)

Afin d'obtenir une vie prolongée du tube, la variation maximum de V_f sera moins de $\pm 5\%$ (limites absolues)

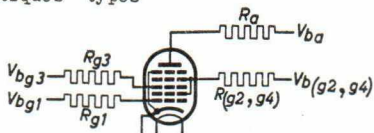
Zur Verlängerung der Lebensdauer der Röhre darf die maximale Heizspannungsschwankung nicht mehr als $\pm 5\%$ (absolute Werte) betragen

²⁾ At $V_f = 6.3 \text{ V}$ the spread of I_f from tube to tube can be $\pm 14 \text{ mA}$

Pour $V_f = 6,3 \text{ V}$, l'écart de I_f d'un tube à l'autre peut être de $\pm 14 \text{ mA}$

Bei $V_f = 6,3 \text{ V}$ kann die Streuung von I_f der Röhren bis zu $\pm 14 \text{ mA}$ betragen

Typical characteristics
Caractéristiques types
Kenndaten



V_{ba}	$\approx$	150	150	150	150 V
$V_b (g2, g4)$	$\approx$	75	75	75	75 V
V_{bg1}	$\approx$	0	0	-10	0 V
V_{bg3}	$\approx$	0	-10	0	+55 V
R_a	$\approx$	20	20	20	- k Ω
$R_{g2, g4}$	$\approx$	470	470	470	- Ω
R_{g1}	$\approx$	47	47	47	- k Ω
R_{g3}	$\approx$	47	47	47	- k Ω
I_a	$\approx$	>5,5 <7,0	<0,2	<0,2	- mA
I_{g3}	$\approx$	-	-	-	>0 mA

Insulation ($V_f = 6,3$ V)
Isolement ($V_{kf} = 120$ V) $r_{kf} = \text{min. } 8 \text{ M}\Omega$
Isolation

Inverse grid No.1 and grid No.3 current
Courant inverse des grilles 1 et 3
Negativen Gitterstrom der Gitter 1 und 3

V_{ba}	$=$	150 V
$V_b (g2, g4)$	$=$	75 V
V_{bg1}	$=$	-1,5 V
V_{bg3}	$=$	-1,5 V
R_a	$=$	20 k Ω
$R_{g2, g4}$	$=$	470 Ω
R_{g1}	$=$	47 k Ω
R_{g3}	$=$	47 k Ω
$-I_{g1}$	$= \text{max.}$	0,2 μA
$-I_{g3}$	$= \text{max.}$	0,5 μA

Operating characteristics as mixer
Caractéristiques d'utilisation comme tube mélangeur
Betriebsdaten als Mischröhre

V_a	=	250 V
V_{g2+g4}	=	100 V
V_{g3}	=	-5 V
V_{osc}	=	10 V_{eff} ²⁾
R_{g1}	=	20 k Ω
I_a	=	3,3 mA
I_{g1}	=	530 μ A
I_{g2+g4}	=	6,5 mA
S_c	=	450 μ A/V
R_i	=	0,85 M Ω

Limiting values (Absolute limits)
Caractéristiques limites (Limites absolues)
Grenzdaten (Absolutwerte)

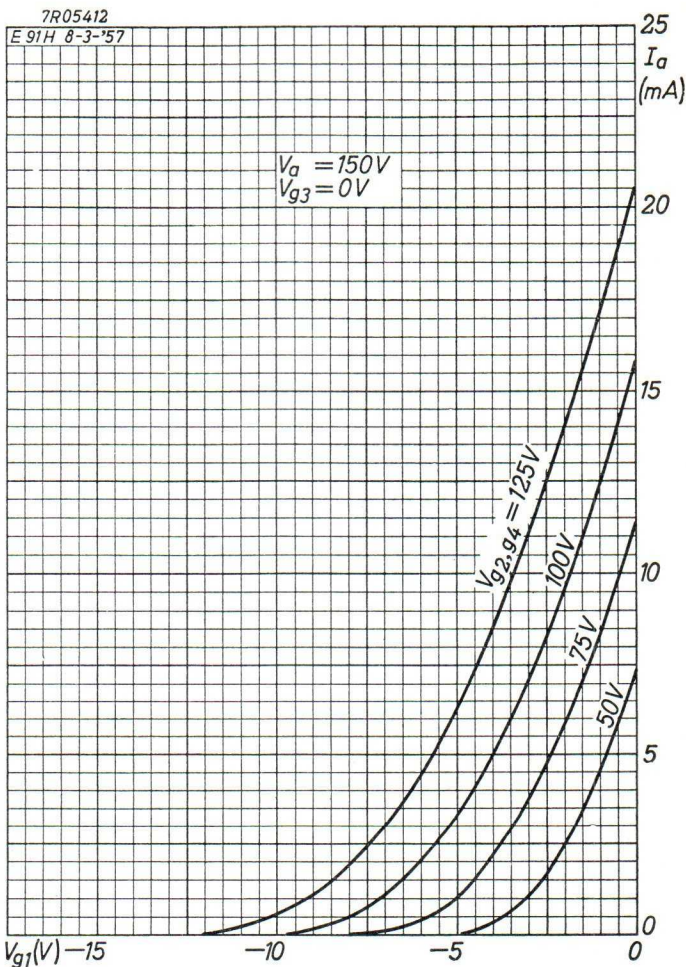
V_{ao}	= max. 500 V	W_a	= max. 1,0 W
V_a	= max. 250 V	W_{g2+g4}	= max. 1,0 W
$V_{(g2+g4)o}$	= max. 500 V	W_{g1}	= max. 0,5 W
V_{g2+g4}	= max. 100 V	W_{g3}	= max. 0,5 W
$-V_{g3}$	= max. 100 V	I_k	= max. 20 mA
$+V_{g3}$	= max. 0 V	I_{kp}	= max. 70 mA
$-V_{g3p}$	= max. 200 V	V_{kf}	= max. 120 V
$+V_{g3p}$	= max. 90 V	R_{g1}	= max. 0,5 M Ω ⁴⁾
$-V_{g1}$	= max. 100 V	R_{g1}	= max. 1,0 M Ω ⁵⁾
$+V_{g1}$	= max. 0 V	R_{g3}	= max. 0,5 M Ω ⁴⁾
$-V_{g1p}$	= max. 200 V	R_{g3}	= max. 1,0 M Ω ⁵⁾
$+V_{g1p}$	= max. ³⁾		

2) Oscillator voltage on g_1 ; signal voltage on g_3
Tension d'oscillateur à g_1 ; tension de signal à g_3
Oszillatorspannung an g_1 ; Signalspannung an g_3

3) Limited by I_{kp} and W_{g1}
Limité par I_{kp} et W_{g1}
Begrenzt durch I_{kp} und W_{g1}

4) With fixed bias
En polarisation fixe
Mit fester Gittervorspannung

5) With automatic grid bias
En polarisation automatique
Mit automatischer Gittervorspannung

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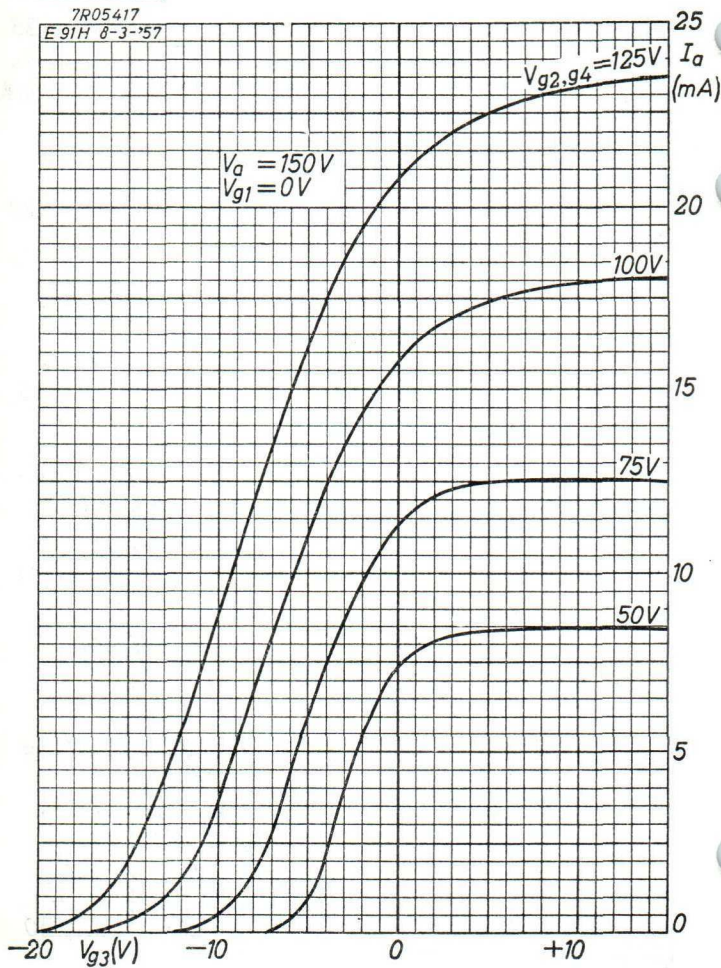
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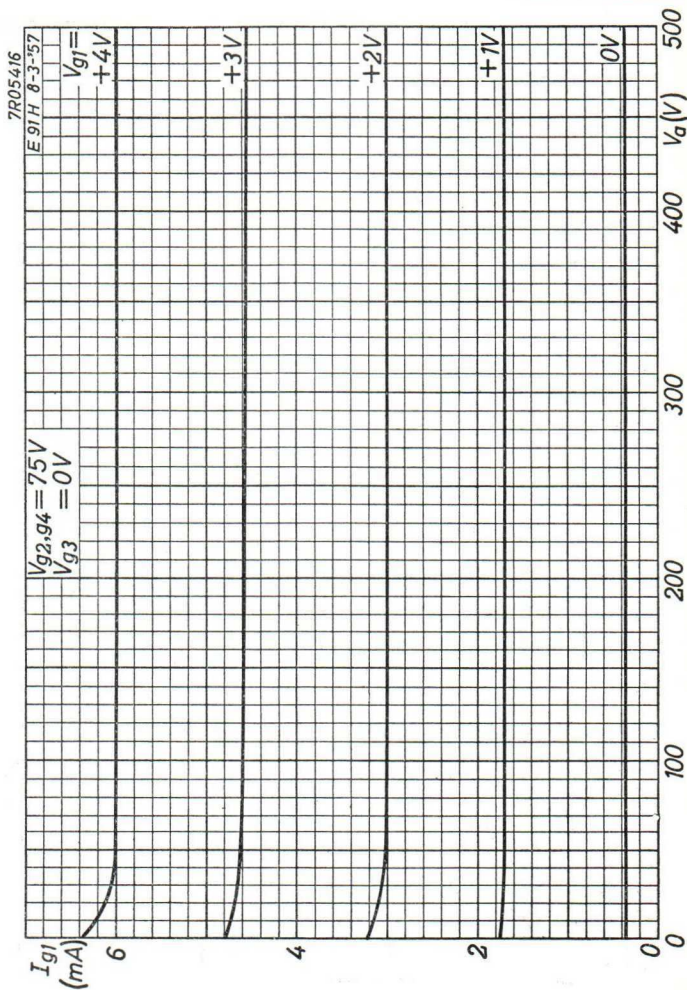
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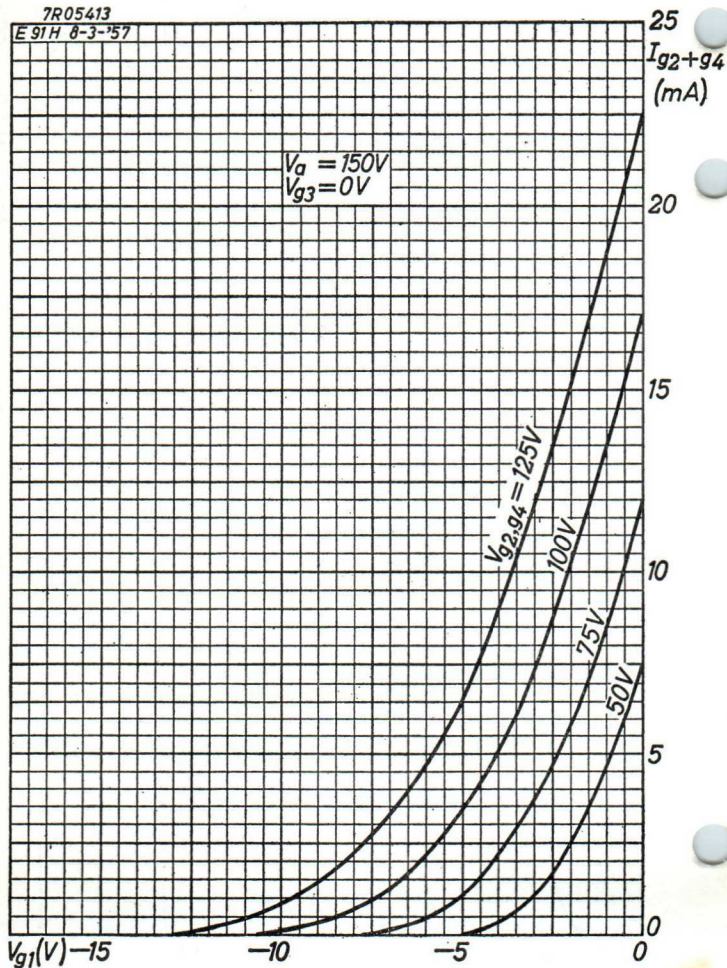
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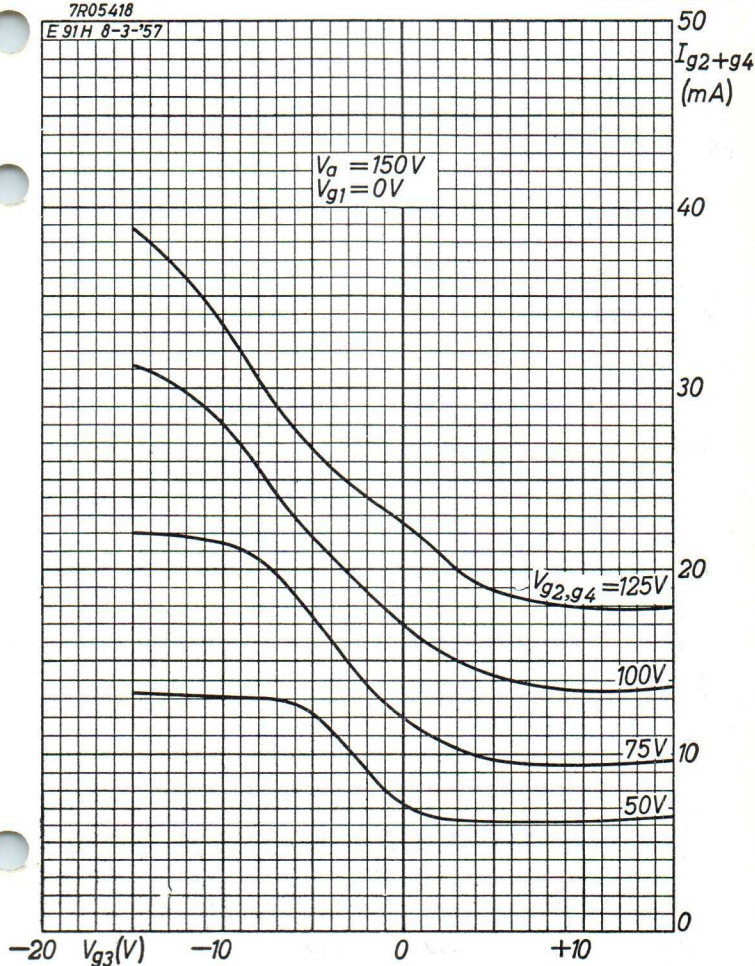
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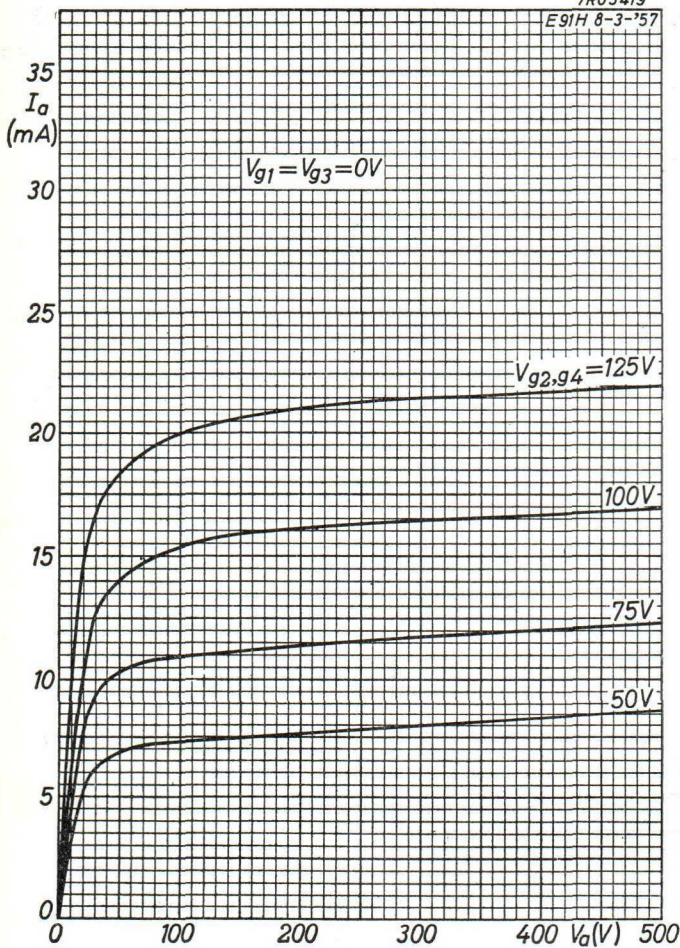
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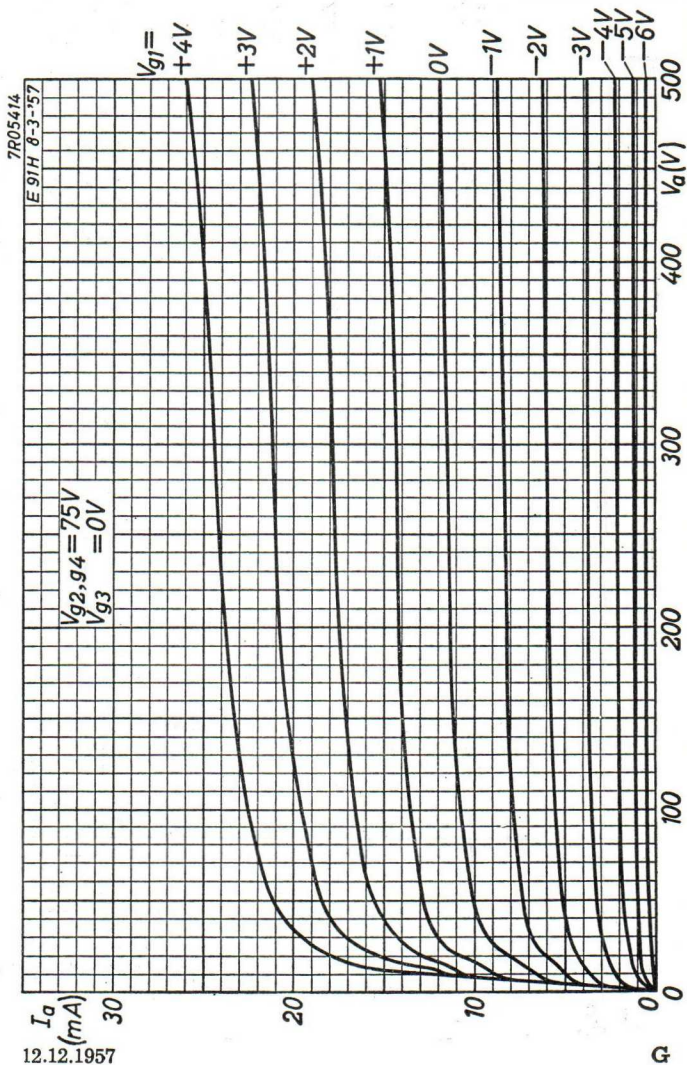
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 $V_{g2,g4} = 75V$
 $V_{g3} = 0V$ I_{g2+g4}
(mA) $V_{g1} =$
+4V
+3V
+2V
+1V
0V
-1V
-2V
-3V
-4V
-5V
-6V $V_a (V)$

400

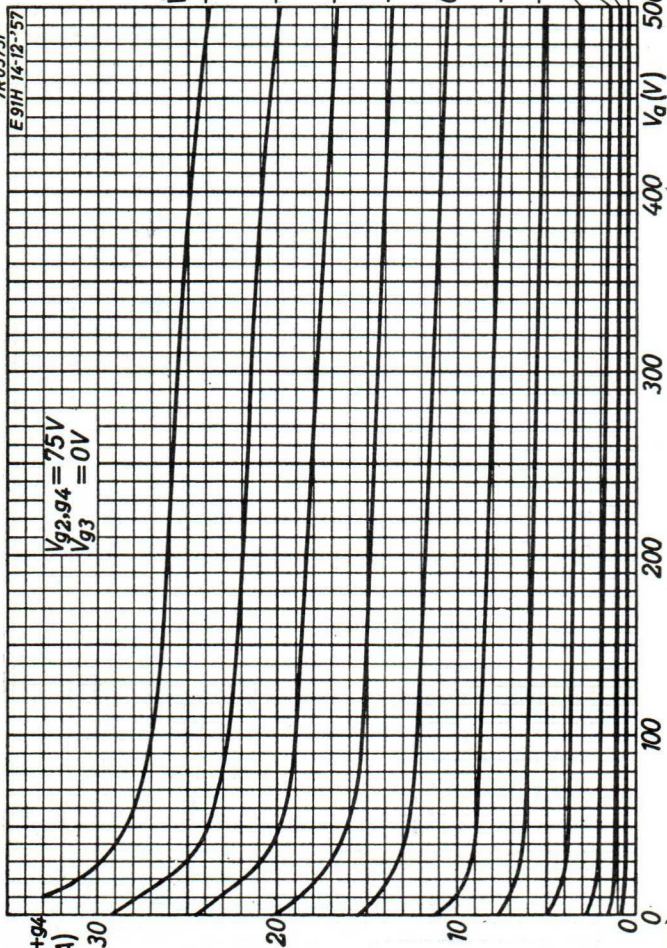
300

200

100

0

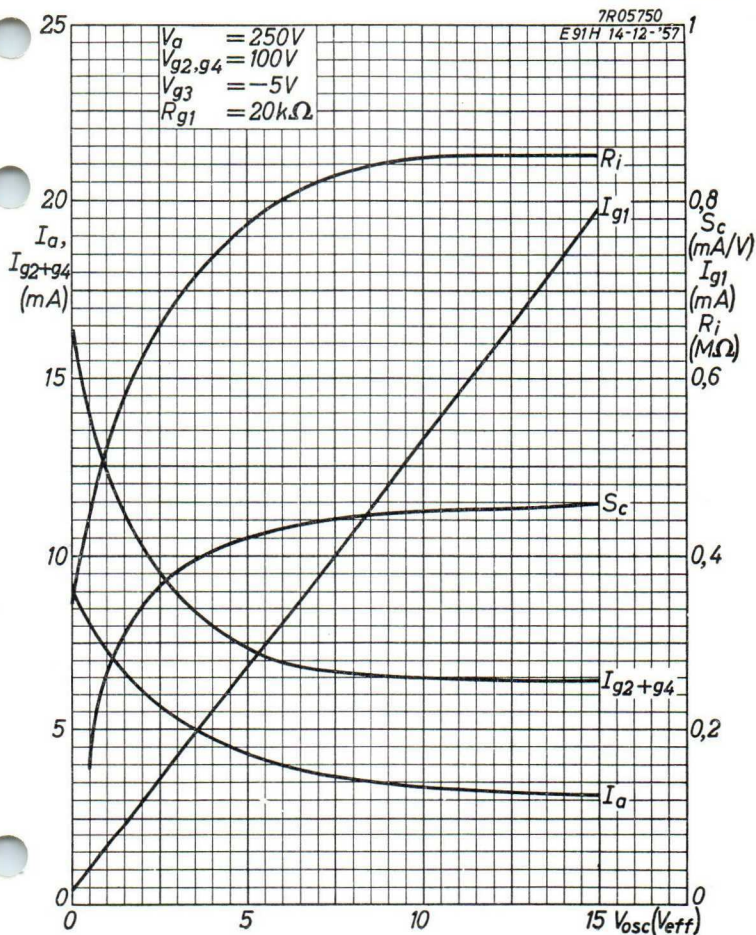
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