

Image Orthicon

SEMICONDUCTIVE TARGET, S-10 RESPONSE

VERY HIGH SENSITIVITY

MAGNETIC FOCUS

HIGH RESOLUTION

MAGNETIC DEFLECTION

For Studio and Remote Low-Light Level Color and
Black-and-White TV Pickup. Sensitivity Equiva-
lent to Film having ASA Exposure Index of 20,000.

DATA

General:

Heater, for Unipotential

Cathode:

Voltage (AC or DC) $6.3 \pm 10\%$ volts

Current at 6.3 volts 0.6 amp

Direct Interelectrode

Capacitance:

Anode to all other electrodes 12 pf

Spectral Response S-10

Wavelength of Maximum Response 4500 ± 300 angstroms

Photocathode, Semitransparent:

Rectangular image (4 x 3 aspect ratio):

Useful size of 1.8" max. diagonal

Note: The size of the optical image focused on the photocathode should be adjusted so that its maximum diagonal does not exceed the specified value. The corresponding electron image on the target should have a size such that the corners of the rectangle just touch the target ring.

Orientation of . . Proper orientation is obtained when the vertical scan is essentially parallel to the plane passing through center of faceplate and pin 7 of the shoulder base.

Focusing Method Magnetic

Deflection Method Magnetic

Overall Length $15.20" \pm 0.25"$ Greatest Diameter of Bulb $3.00" \pm 0.06"$

Minimum Deflecting-Coil Inside Diameter 2-3/8"

Deflecting Coil Cleveland Electronics,
Part No. 0Y-1^a, or equivalent

Deflecting-Coil Length 5"

Focusing Coil Cleveland Electronics,
Part No. 0F-2^a, or equivalent

Focusing-Coil Length 10"

Alignment Coil Cleveland Electronics,
Part No. 0A-3^a, or equivalent

Alignment-Coil Length 15/16"

Photocathode Distance Inside End of Focusing Coil . . . 1/2"

Socket Cinch Part No. 3M14^b, or equivalent

Operating Position . . The tube should never be operated in a vertical position with the diheptal-base end up nor in any other position where the axis of the tube with the base up makes an angle of less than 20° with the vertical.

Weight (Approx.) 1 lb 6 oz

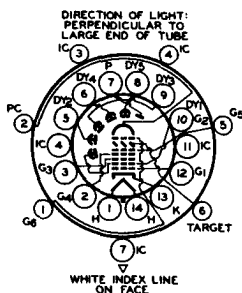


Shoulder Base. Keyed Jumbo Annular 7-Pin
BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1-Grid No.6	Pin 5-Grid No.5
Pin 2-Photocathode	Pin 6-Target
Pin 3-Do Not Use	Pin 7-Do Not Use
Pin 4-Do Not Use	

End Base . . . Small-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin (JEDEC No.B14-45)
BOTTOM VIEW

Pin 1-Heater
Pin 2-Grid No.4
Pin 3-Grid No.3
Pin 4-Do Not Use
Pin 5-Dynode No.2
Pin 6-Dynode No.4
Pin 7-Anode
Pin 8-Dynode No.5
Pin 9-Dynode No.3
Pin 10-Dynode No.1,
Grid No.2
Pin 11-Do Not Use
Pin 12-Grid No.1
Pin 13-Cathode
Pin 14-Heater



Maximum and Minimum Ratings, Absolute-Maximum Values:

PHOTOCATHODE:

Voltage.	-550 max.	volts
Illumination	50 max.	fc

OPERATING TEMPERATURE:

Of any part of bulb.	55 max.	°C
Of bulb at large end of tube (Target section)	0 min.	°C

TEMPERATURE DIFFERENCE:

Between target section and any part of bulb hotter than target section.	5 max.	°C
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GRID-No.6 VOLTAGE.	-550 max.	volts
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TARGET VOLTAGE:

Positive value	10 max.	volts
Negative value	10 max.	volts

GRID-No.5 VOLTAGE.	150 max.	volts
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GRID-No.4 VOLTAGE.	300 max.	volts
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GRID-No.3 VOLTAGE.	400 max.	volts
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GRID-No.2 & DYNODE-No.1 VOLTAGE.	350 max.	volts
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GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:

Negative-bias value.	125 max.	volts
Positive-bias value.	0 max.	volts

VOLTAGE PER MULTIPLIER STAGE	350 max.	volts
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ANODE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE ^c	1350 max.	volts
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PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	125 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	10 max.	volts



Typical Operating Values:^d

Photocathode Voltage (Image Focus) ^e	-400 to -540	volts
Grid-No.6 Voltage (Accelerator)— (Approx. 75% of photocathode voltage)	-300 to -405	volts
Target-Cutoff Voltage ^f	-3 to 1	volts
Grid-No.5 Voltage (Decelerator)	0 to 125	volts
Grid-No.4 Voltage (Beam Focus) ^g	140 to 180	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage ^g	225 to 330	volts
Grid-No.2 & Dynode-No.1 Voltage	300	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage for Picture Cutoff	-45 to -115	volts
Dynode-No.2 Voltage	600	volts
Dynode-No.3 Voltage	800	volts
Dynode-No.4 Voltage	1000	volts
Dynode-No.5 Voltage	1200	volts
Anode Voltage	1250	volts
Minimum Peak-to-Peak Blanking Voltage	5	volts
Field Strength at Center of Focusing Coil ^h	75	gausses
Field Strength of Alignment Coil	0 to 3	gausses

Performance Data:

*With conditions shown under Typical Operating Values
and with camera lens set to bring the picture
highlights one stop above the "knee" of the accom-
panying Basic Light-Transfer-Characteristic Curve*

	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Cathode Radiant Sensitivity at 4500 angstroms.	—	0.033	—	a/w
Luminous Sensitivity	40	65	—	μa/lm
Anode Current (DC)	—	30	—	μa
Signal-Output Current (Peak to Peak)	4	6	10	μa
Ratio of Peak-to-Peak Highlight Video-Signal Current to RMS Noise Current for Bandwidth of 4.5 Mc.	—	32:1	—	
Photocathode Illumination at 2870° K Required to bring Picture Highlights One Stop above "Knee" of Light Transfer Characteristic.	—	0.007	—	fc
Peak-to-Peak Response to Square-Wave Test Pattern of 400 TV Lines Per Picture Height (Per cent of large-area black to large-area white) ^j	—	65	—	%

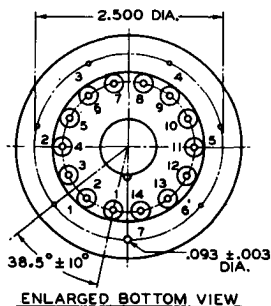
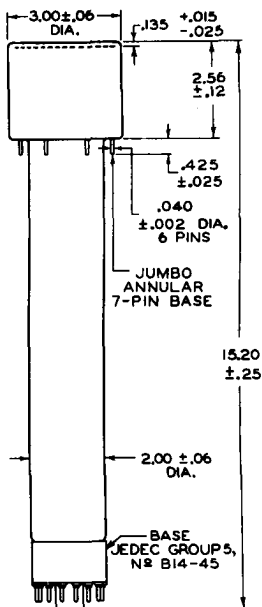


7629A

- ^a Made by Cleveland Electronics Inc., 1974 East 61st Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
- ^b Made by Cinch Manufacturing Company, 1026 South Homan Avenue, Chicago 24, Illinois.
- ^c Dynode voltage values are shown under *Typical Operating Values*.
- ^d With 7629A operated in properly adjusted RCA TK-31 camera.
- ^e Adjust for best focus.
- ^f Normal setting of target voltage is +2 volts from target cutoff. The target supply voltage should be adjustable from -3 to 5 volts.
- ^g Adjust to give the most uniformly shaded picture near maximum signal.
- ^h Direction of current should be such that a north-seeking pole is attracted to the image end of the focusing coil, with indicator located outside of and at the image end of the focusing coil.
- ^j Measured with amplifier having flat frequency response.

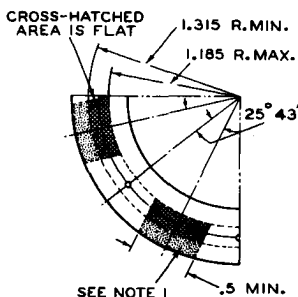
**SPECTRAL-SENSITIVITY CHARACTERISTIC
OF PHOTSENSITIVE DEVICE HAVING S-10 RESPONSE**
is shown at front of this Section





92CM-8293R3

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

DETAIL OF BOTTOM VIEW
OF JUMBO ANNULAR BASE

NOTE 1: DOTTED AREA IS FLAT OR EXTENDS TOWARD DIHEPTAL-BASE END OF TUBE BY 0.060 " MAX.

ANNULAR BASE GAUGE

Angular variations between pins as well as eccentricity of neck cylinder with respect to photocathode cylinder are held to tolerances such that pins and neck cylinder will fit flat-plate gauge with:

- Six holes having diameter of $0.065" \pm 0.001"$ and one hole having diameter of $0.150" \pm 0.001"$. All holes have depth of $0.265" \pm 0.001"$. The six $0.065"$ holes are enlarged by 45° taper to depth of $0.047"$. All holes are spaced at angles of $51^\circ 26' \pm 5'$ on circle diameter of $2.500" \pm 0.001"$.
- Seven stops having height of $0.187" \pm 0.001"$, centered between pin holes, to bear against flat areas of base.
- Rim extending out a minimum of $0.125"$ from $2.812"$ diameter and having height of $0.126" \pm 0.001"$.
- Neck-cylinder clearance hole having diameter of $2.200" \pm 0.001"$.



BASIC LIGHT-TRANSFER CHARACTERISTIC

