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MEDIUM-MU TRIODE— SHARP-CUTOFF PENTODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*For use in mobile communications equipment
operating from 6-cell storage-battery systems*

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage range. 12 to 15 ac or dc volts

Current (Approx.) at

13.5 volts 0.195 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:

	Without External Shield	With External Shield ^o	
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate.	1.7	1.7	μf
Grid to cathode and heater .	2.7	2.7	μf
Plate to cathode and heater	0.4	1	μf
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate	0.01 max.	0.006 max.	μf
Grid No.1 to all other electrodes except plate. .	5	5	μf
Plate to all other electrodes except grid No.1.	2.5	3.4	μf
Heater to cathode (Each unit).	3	3 [•]	μf

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Heater Voltage	13.5	13.5	volts
Plate-Supply Voltage	150	250	volts
Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage	—	110	volts
Cathode Resistor	56	68	ohms
Amplification Factor	40	—	
Plate Resistance (Approx.) . . .	4700	400000	ohms
Transconductance	8500	5200	μmhos
Plate Current.	18	10	ma
Grid-No.2 Current.	—	3.5	ma
Grid-No.1 Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu\text{a} = 10$	-12	-10	volts

Mechanical:

Operating Position	Any
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" $\pm$ 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline.	See General Section

^o, [•]: See next page.

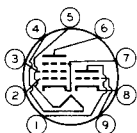


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Bulb. T6-1/2
 Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No. E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9AE

Pin 1—Triode Plate
 Pin 2—Pentode
 Grid No.1
 Pin 3—Pentode
 Grid No.2
 Pin 4—Heater
 Pin 5—Heater
 Pin 6—Pentode Plate



Pin 7—Pentode
 Cathode,
 Pentode
 Grid No.3,
 Internal
 Shield
 Pin 8—Triode Cathode
 Pin 9—Triode Grid

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
PLATE VOLTAGE	300 max.	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 (SCREEN-GRID) SUPPLY VOLTAGE.	—	300 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 VOLTAGE	—	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

GRID-No.1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:			
Positive-bias value	0 max.	0 max.	volts
GRID-No.2 INPUT:			
For grid-No.2 voltages up to 150 volts	—	0.5 max.	watt
For grid-No.2 voltages between 150 and 300 volts	—	See Grid-No.2 Input	

Rating Chart at front of Receiving Tube Section

PLATE DISSIPATION	2.5 max.	2.8 max.	watts
PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:			
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	120 max.	120 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	120 max.	120 max.	volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1—Circuit Resistance:			
For fixed-bias operation.	0.5 max.	0.5 max.	megohm
For cathode-bias operation.	1 max.	1 max.	megohm

○ With external shield JETEC No.315 connected to cathode of unit under test except as noted.

● With external shield JETEC No.315 connected to ground.



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CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

	Note	Min.	Max.	
Heater Current	1	0.179	0.211	amp
Transconductance (Triode unit)	1,2	6800	10200	μ hos
Plate Current (Triode unit)	1,3	12.7	23.3	ma
Transconductance (Pentode unit)	1,4	3900	6500	μ hos
Plate Current (Pentode unit)	1,5	7.5	12.5	ma
Grid-No.2 Current (Pentode unit)	1,5	2.2	4.8	ma
Reverse Grid-No.1 Current (Total—both units)	1,6	—	-1.5	μ a
Heater-Cathode Leakage Current (Each unit):				
Heater negative with respect to cathode	1,7	—	5	μ a
Heater positive with respect to cathode	1,7	—	5	μ a
Leakage Resistance (Each unit):				
Between grid No.1 and all other electrodes of both units tied together.	1,8	50	—	megohms
Between plate and all other electrodes of both units tied together.	1,9	50	—	megohms

Note 1: With ac or dc heater volts = 13.5.

Note 2: With dc plate-supply volts = 150, cathode resistor (ohms) = 56, and cathode-bypass capacitor (μ f) = 1000.

Note 3: With dc plate-supply volts = 150, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 56.

Note 4: With dc plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 supply volts = 110, cathode resistor (ohms) = 68, and cathode-bypass capacitor (μ f) = 1000.

Note 5: With dc plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 supply volts = 110, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 68.

Note 6: With triode dc plate volts = 150, pentode dc plate volts = 250, grid-No.2 volts = 110, grid-No.1 volts = -1.5 on both units, and grid-No.1 resistor (megohms) = 0.5 for each unit.

Note 7: With 50 volts dc between heater and cathode.

Note 8: With grid No.1 100 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes of both units tied together.

Note 9: With plate 300 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes of both units tied together.

SPECIAL RATINGS & PERFORMANCE DATA

Heater-Cycling Life Performance:

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. A minimum of 2000 cycles of intermittent operation is applied under the following conditions: heater volts = 17 cycled one minute on and four minutes off, heater 135 volts negative with respect to cathode, and all other elements connected to ground. At the end of this test, tubes are checked for heater-cathode shorts and open circuits.



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Low-Frequency Vibration Performance:

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run under the following conditions:

Triode Unit:

Heater volts = 13.5, plate-supply volts = 150, grid volts = -1.5, plate load resistor (ohms) = 2000, and vibrational acceleration of 2.5 g at 25 cps. In this test, the rms output voltage must not exceed 150 millivolts.

Pentode Unit:

Heater volts = 13.5, plate-supply volts = 250, grid-No.2 volts = 110, grid-No.1 volts = -1.5, plate load resistor (ohms) = 2000, and vibrational acceleration of 2.5 g at 25 cps. In this test, the rms output voltage must not exceed 250 millivolts.

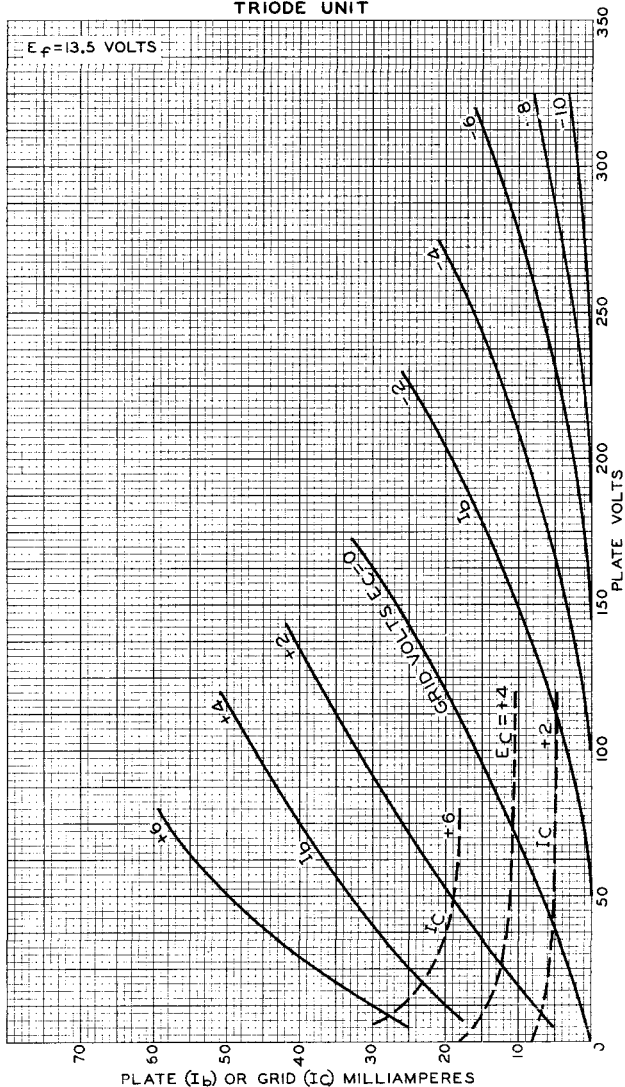
500-Hour Intermittent Life Performance:

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run to insure high quality of the individual tube and to guard against epidemic failures. Life testing is conducted under the following conditions: heater volts = 15 and maximum-rated plate dissipation and grid-No.2 input.



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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
TRIODE UNIT

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-9810

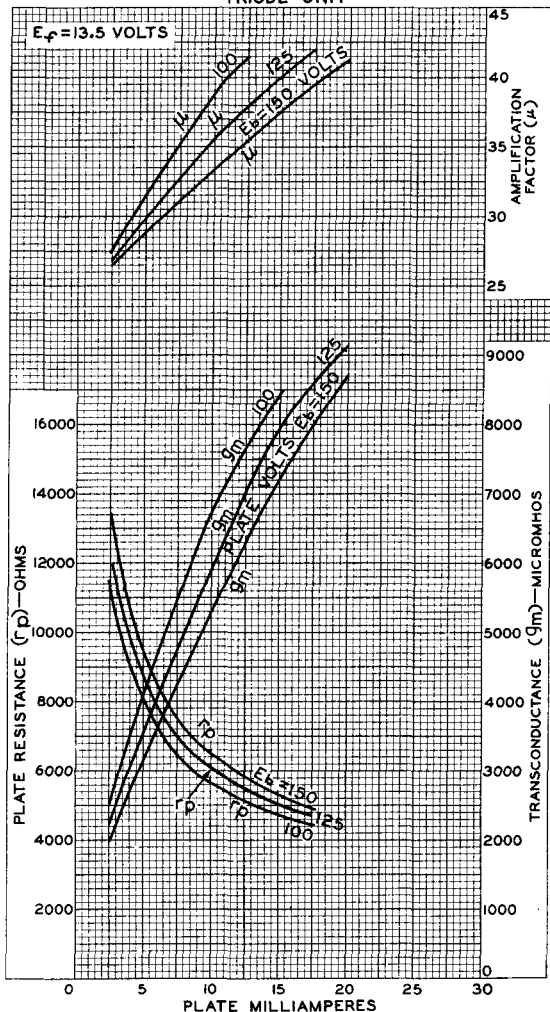
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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE UNIT



ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

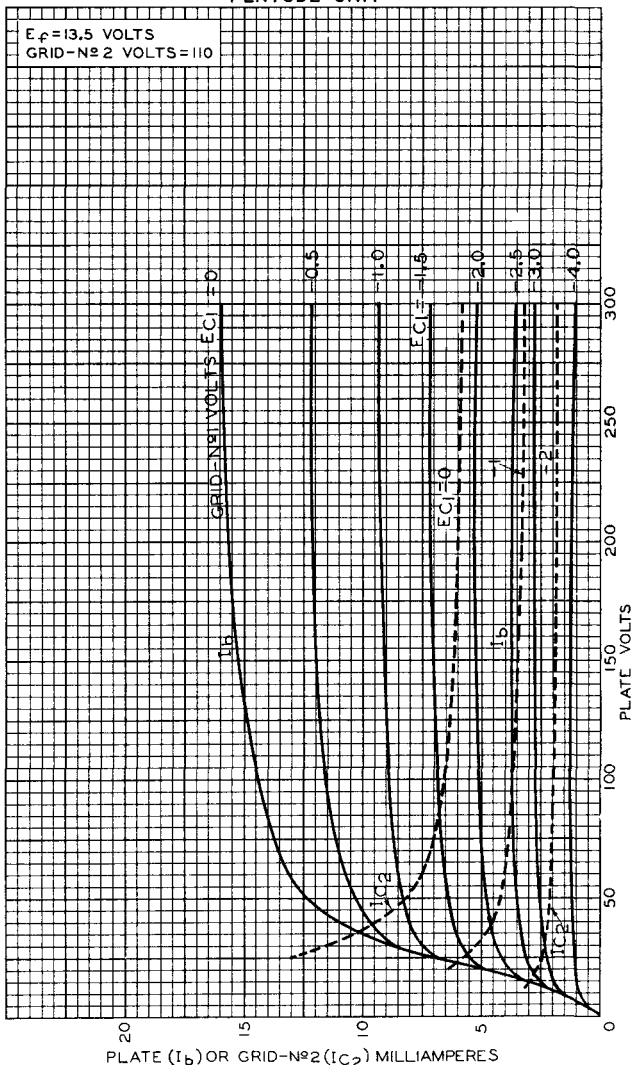
92CM-9812

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AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS
PENTODE UNIT

ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION

92CM-9809

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