



6GK6

Beam Pentode

TUBES

FOR AF POWER AMPLIFIER APPLICATIONS

The 6GK6 is a general-purpose power pentode that may be used either in audio output amplifier or video power output amplifier stages of television receivers.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL

Cathode - Coated Unipotential
Heater Characteristics and Ratings
Heater Voltage, AC or DC* 6.3 ± 0.6 Volts
Heater Current♦ 0.76 Amperes
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate●
Grid Number 1 to Plate: (g1 to p), maximum.. 0.14 pf
Input: g1 to (h + k + g2 + g3 + i.s.) 10 pf
Output: p to (h + k + g2 + g3 + i.s.) 7.0 pf

MECHANICAL

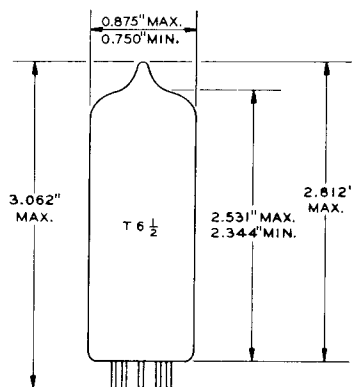
Operating Position - Any
Envelope - T-6½, Glass
Base - E9-1, Small Button 9-Pin
Outline Drawing - EIA 6-4
Maximum Diameter 0.875 Inches
Minimum Diameter 0.750 Inches
Maximum Over-all Length 3.062 Inches
Maximum Seated Height 2.812 Inches

MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES

Plate Voltage 330▲ Volts
Screen Voltage 330 Volts
Negative DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage..... 100 Volts
Plate Dissipation 13.2▲ Watts
Screen Dissipation, Average 2.0 Watts
Screen Dissipation, Peak 4.0 Watts
DC Cathode Current 65 Milliampères
Heater-Cathode Voltage
Heater Positive with respect to Cathode 100 Volts
Heater Negative with respect to Cathode..... 100 Volts
Grid-Number 1 Circuit Resistance
With Fixed Bias 0.3 Megohms
With Cathode Bias 1.0 Megohms

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

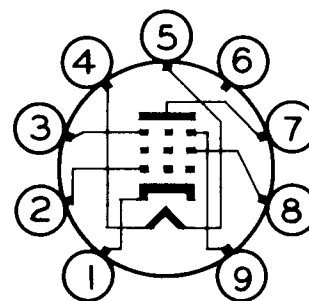


EIA 6-4

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Pin 1 - Cathode
Pin 2 - Grid Number 1
Pin 3 - Internal Shield and Grid Number 3 (Suppressor)
Pin 4 - Heater
Pin 5 - Heater
Pin 6 - No Connection
Pin 7 - Plate
Pin 8 - Grid Number 2 (Screen)
Pin 9 - Internal Shield and Grid Number 3 (Suppressor)

BASING DIAGRAM



EIA 9GK

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or elements. In the absence of an

express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of the tubes with other devices or elements by any purchaser of tubes or others.

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Cont'd)

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron tube of a specified type as defined by its published data and should not be exceeded under the worst probable conditions.	The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst probable operating conditions with respect to supply-voltage variation, equipment component variation, equipment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, environmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics of all other electron devices in the equipment.
The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to variations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration.	

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

Plate Voltage	250	Volts
Screen Voltage	250	Volts
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	- 7.3	Volts
Plate Resistance, approximate	38000	Ohms
Transconductance	11300	Micromhos
Zero-Signal Plate Current	.48	Milliamperes
Zero-Signal Screen Current	5.5	Milliamperes
Load Resistance	5200	Ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion, approximate	10	Percent
Maximum-Signal Power Output	5.7	Watts
Amplification Factor of Grid Number 2 with respect to Grid Number 1, zero signal	19	

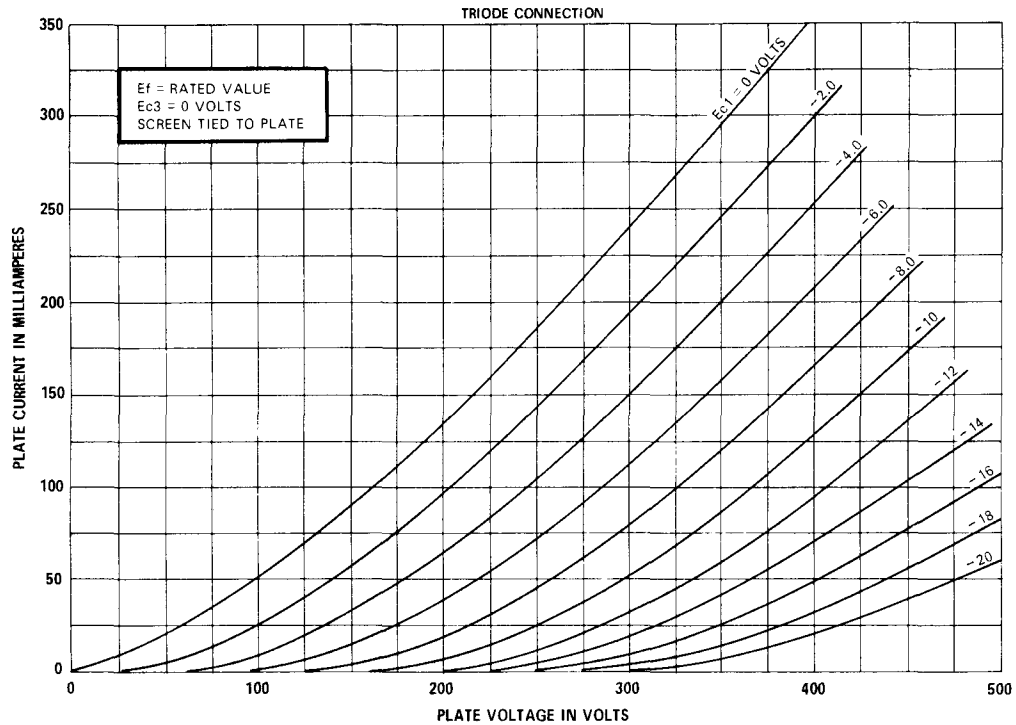
PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER, VALUES FOR TWO TUBES

	Class AB		Class B		
Plate Voltage	250	300	250	300	Volts
Screen Voltage	250	300	250	300	Volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	130	130	---	---	Ohms
Grid-Number 1 Voltage	---	---	-11.6	-14.7	Volts
Peak AF Grid-to-Grid Voltage	22.4	28	22.4	28	Volts
Zero-Signal Plate Current	.62	.72	.20	.15	Milliamperes
Maximum-Signal Plate Current	.75	.92	.75	.92	Milliamperes
Zero-Signal Screen Current	7.0	8.0	2.2	1.6	Milliamperes
Maximum-Signal Screen Current	15	22	15	22	Milliamperes
Effective Load Resistance, Plate-to-Plate	8000	8000	8000	8000	Ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	3.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	Percent
Maximum-Signal Power Output	11	17	11	17	Watts

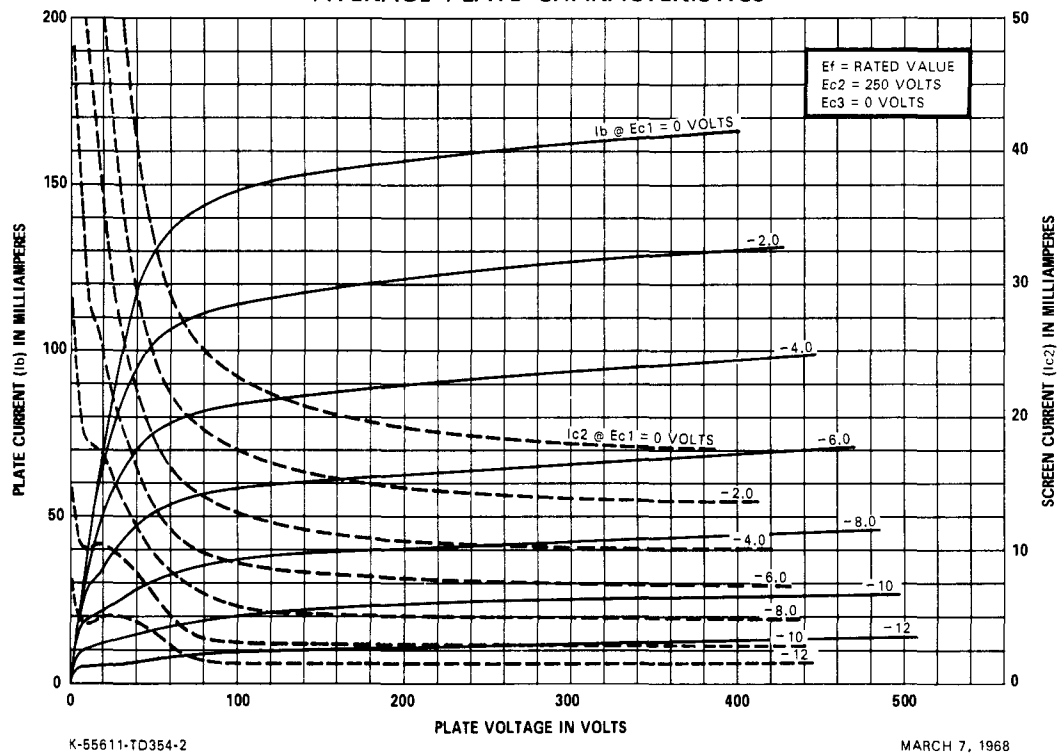
NOTES

- ★ The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogey value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.
- ◆ Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.
- Without external shield.
- ▲ When the heater and positive voltage are obtained from a storage battery by means of a vibrator, the maximum values of plate and screen voltages are 275 volts and the plate dissipation is 9.9 watts.

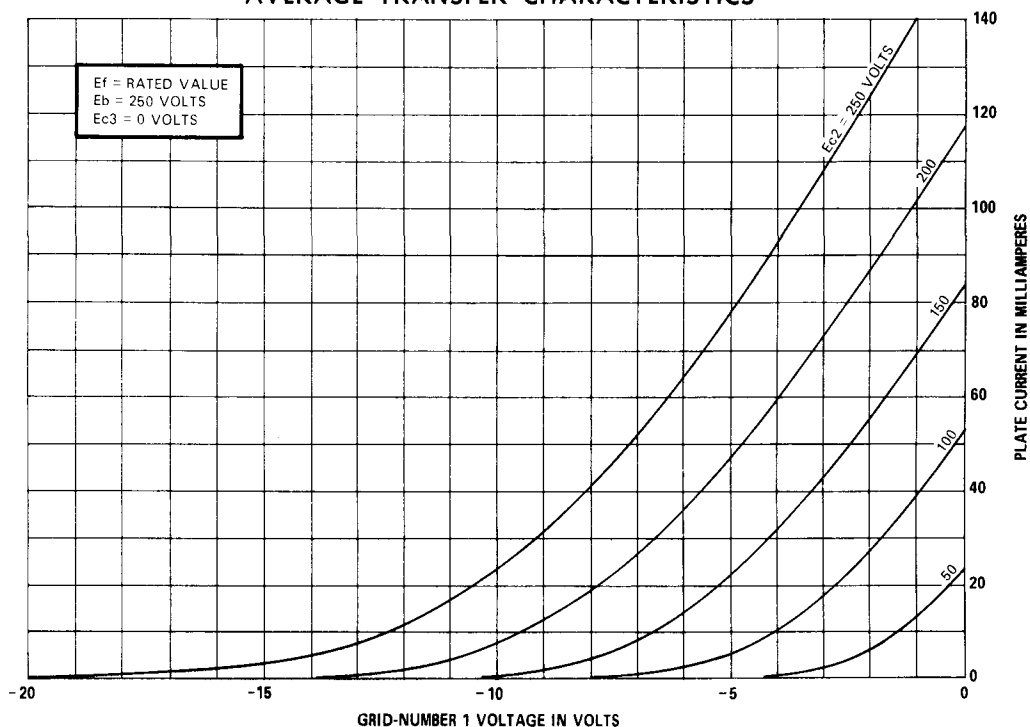
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



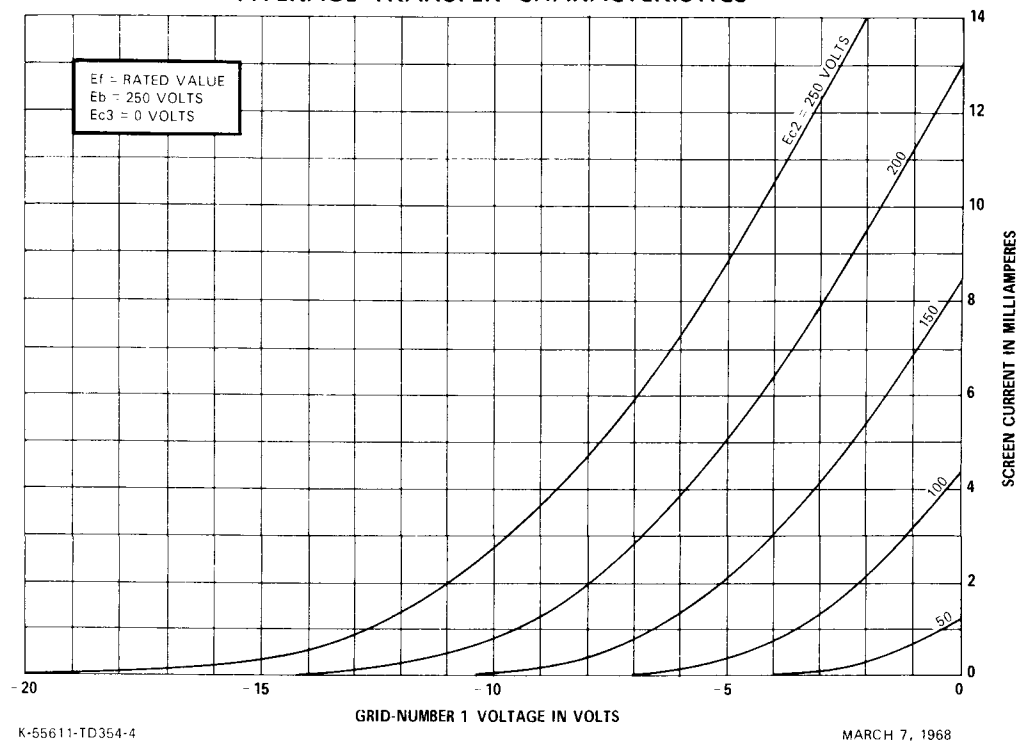
AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



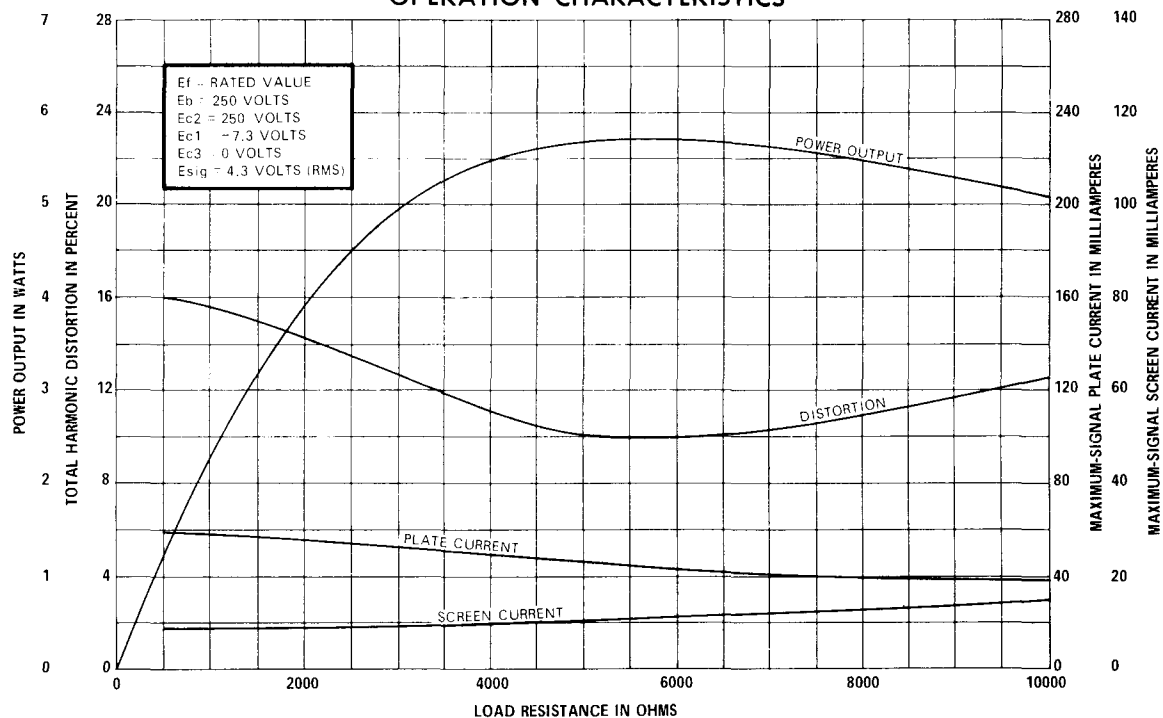
AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



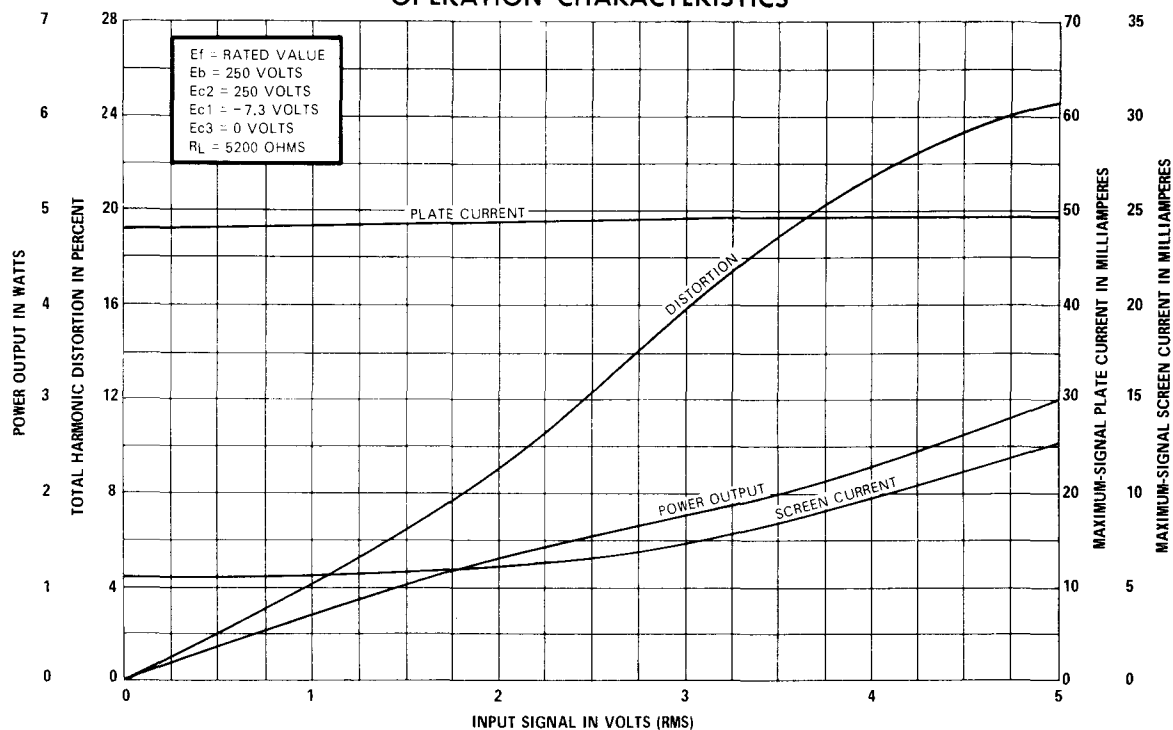
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



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MARCH 7, 1968

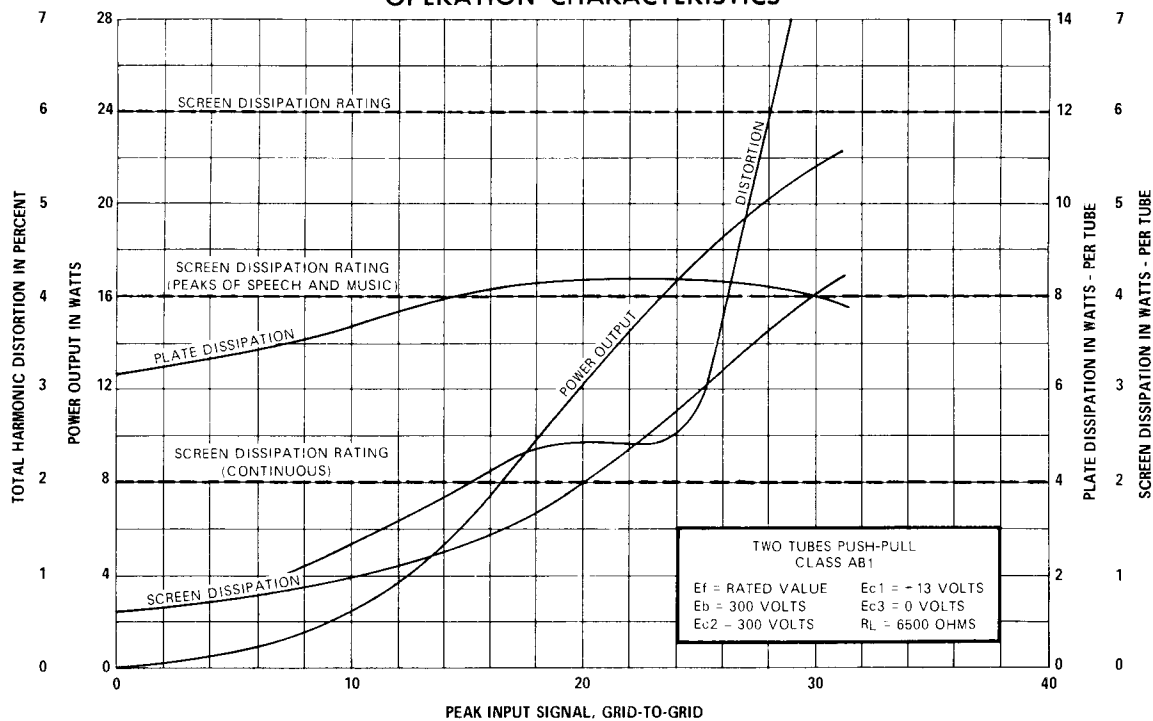
OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



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OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS



TUBE DEPARTMENT

GENERAL  ELECTRIC

Owensboro, Kentucky 42301