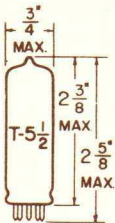


TUNG-SOL

DOUBLE-DIODE TRIODE

MINIATURE TYPE



GLASS BULB

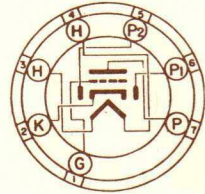
UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER

6.3 VOLTS 300 MA.

AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW

MINIATURE BUTTON
7 PIN BASE

7BT

THE 6BU6 IS A COMBINED LOW-MU TRIODE VOLTAGE AMPLIFIER AND DOUBLE DIODE DETECTOR USING THE 7 PIN MINIATURE CONSTRUCTION. THE LOW AMPLIFICATION FACTOR OF THE TRIODE PERMITS LARGE VALUES OF OUTPUT SIGNAL WITH LOW DISTORTION. THE HIGH PERVEANCE DIODES GIVE GOOD RECTIFICATION EFFICIENCY AT LOW SIGNALS AND THE DIODE SHIELDING REDUCES UNDESIRABLE AUDIO COUPLING BETWEEN DIODES AND TRIODE.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

	WITH ^A SHIELD	WITHOUT SHIELD	
DIODE #1 OR DIODE #2 TO CATHODE	1	1	μuf
DIODE #1 TO GRID	0.01	0.013	μuf

^A WITH RMA SHIELD #316 CONNECTED TO CATHODE

RATINGS

INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO RMA STANDARD MB-210

HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3	VOLTS
MAXIMUM HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE	90	VOLTS
MAXIMUM PLATE VOLTAGE	300	VOLTS
MAXIMUM POSITIVE DC GRID VOLTAGE	0	VOLTS
AVERAGE DIODE CURRENT EACH PLATE WITH 10 VOLTS DC APPLIED	4	MA.
AVERAGE DIODE CURRENT EACH PLATE FOR CONTINUOUS OPERATION	1	MA.

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

CLASS A₁ AMPLIFIER

HEATER VOLTAGE	6.3	6.3	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	300	300	MA.
PLATE VOLTAGE	100	250	VOLTS
GRID VOLTAGE	-3	-9	VOLTS
SELF BIAS RESISTOR	770	950	OHMS
PLATE CURRENT	3.9	9.5	MA.
PLATE RESISTANCE	11 000	8 500	OHMS
TRANSCONDUCTANCE	1 500	1 900	μMHOS
AMPLIFICATION FACTOR	16.5	16	
LOAD RESISTANCE	---	10 000	OHMS
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION	---	6.5	PERCENT
POWER OUTPUT	---	300	MW.

6BU6 (12BU6)

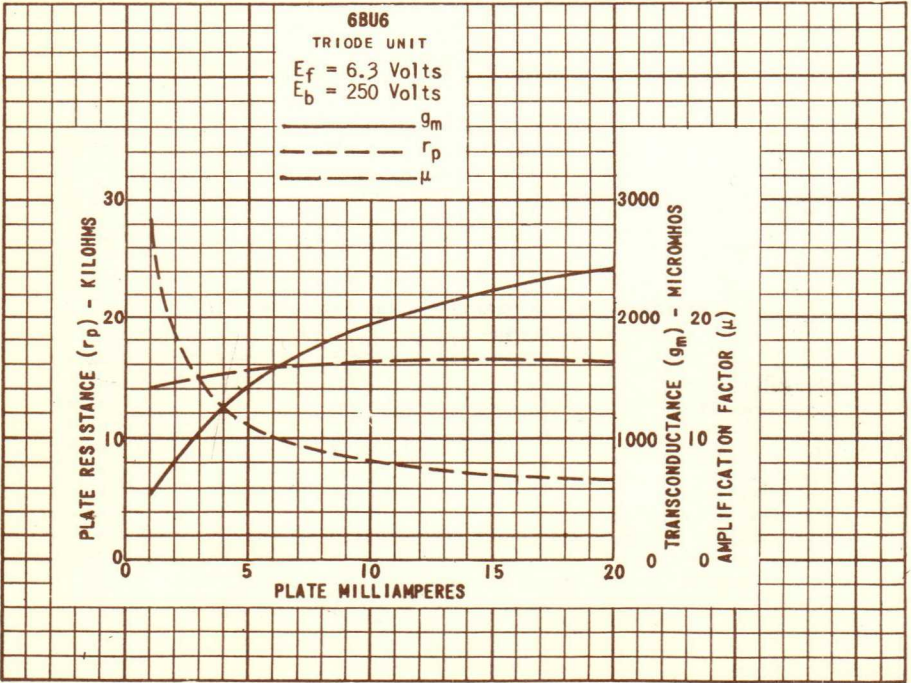
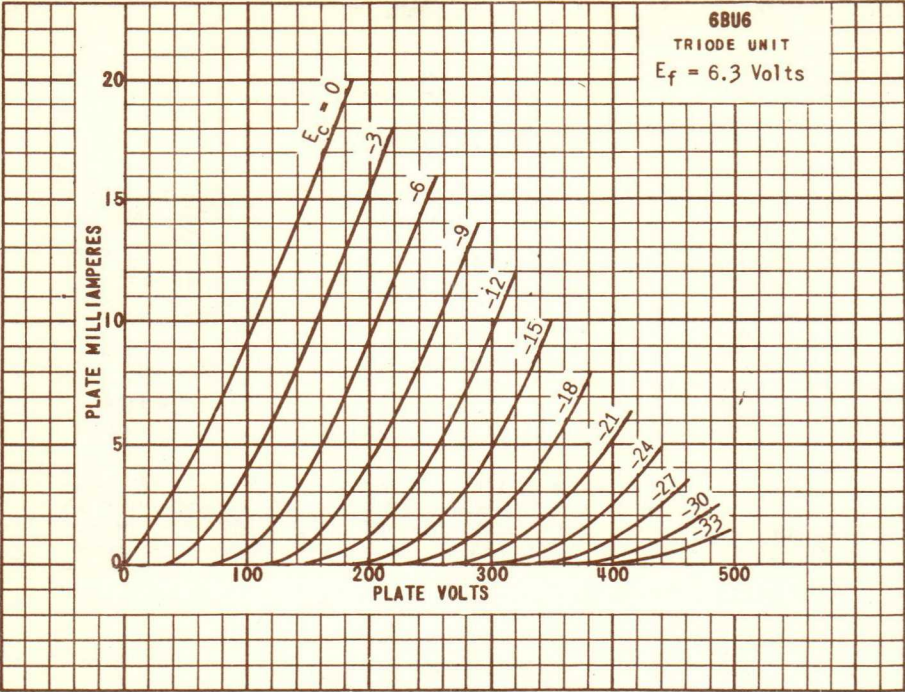


PLATE
2309
JAN. 1
1950

