



5726

TWIN DIODE

"Premium" Miniature Type

TENTATIVE DATA

RCA-5726 is a high-perveance, miniature twin diode especially useful as a detector in circuits utilizing wide-band amplifiers. Constructed to give dependable performance under shock and vibration, this "premium" version of the 6AL5W is, therefore, well suited for use in mobile and aircraft equipment.



The two, sturdy, coiled heaters used in the 5726 are internally connected in series to provide fail-safe operation in applications which require that burn-out of either heater will make the heaters of both units simultaneously inoperative. These heaters employ pure tungsten to provide long life under conditions of frequent on-off

switching.

Each 5726 is manufactured under rigid controls and undergoes rigorous tests to insure "premium" quality.

GENERAL DATA

Electrical:

Heater, for unipotential Cathodes:			
Voltage (AC or DC)	6.3 ± 10%	volts	
Current	0.3	ampere	
Resonant Frequency (Each unit, approx.)	700	Mc	
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances			
(With external shield JEDEC No. 316):			
Unit No. 1:			
Plate to Cathode + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	3.2	μf	
Cathode to Plate + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	3.9	μf	
Unit No. 2:			
Plate to Cathode + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	3.2	μf	
Cathode to Plate + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	3.9	μf	
Plate of Unit No. 1 to Plate of Unit No. 2	0.026 max.	μf	

Mechanical:

Mounting Position.	Any	
Maximum Overall Length	1-3/4"	
Maximum Seated Length.	1-1/2"	
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-1/8" ± 3/32"	
Maximum Diameter	3/4"	
Bulb	T-5-1/2	
Base	Small-Button Miniature 7-Pin (JEDEC No. E7-1)	

HALF-WAVE RECTIFIER

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

PEAK INVERSE PLATE VOLTAGE	360 max.	volts
PEAK PLATE CURRENT PER PLATE	60 max.	ma
HOT-SWITCHING TRANSIENT PLATE CURRENT		
For duration of 0.2 second maximum	350 max.	ma
DC OUTPUT CURRENT PER PLATE.	10 max.	ma

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	360 max.	volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	360 max.	volts

Typical Operation:

The two units may be used separately or in parallel

AC Plate-Supply Voltage		
Per Plate (RMS)	117	volts
Minimum Total Effective Plate-Supply Impedance Per Plate	300	ohms
DC Output Current Per Plate.	9	ma

Shock and Vibration Tests:

These tests are made as indicated in the JAN Specifications: JAN 1-A for Electron Tubes, May 1946 under the section as follows:

Section F6b (9e) Shock Test:		
Instantaneous Impact Acceleration.	700 max.	g
Section F6b (9f) Vibration Test:		
Vibrational Acceleration	2.5 max.	g

Heater Cycling Life Test:

This test is made as indicated in the JAN Specifications JAN 1-A for Electron Tubes for type 5726/6AL5W.

Cycles of Intermittent Operation:

At a heater voltage of 7.5 volts . 2000 min. cycles

Characteristics Range Values for Equipment Design:

	Note	Min.	Max.	
Heater Current	1	0.275	0.325	amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (With external shield JEDEC No. 316):				
Unit No. 1:				
Plate to Cathode + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	-	2.4	4.0	μf
Cathode to Plate + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	-	2.8	4.4	μf
Unit No. 2:				
Plate to Cathode + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	-	2.4	4.0	μf
Cathode to Plate + External Shield, Heater, and Internal Shield.	-	2.8	4.4	μf
Plate of Unit No. 1 to Plate of Unit No. 2	2	-	0.026	μf
Plate Current (Per Plate).	1,3	40	-	ma

Note 1: With 6.3 volts ac on heater.

Note 2: With external and internal shield connected to ground.

Note 3: With dc plate voltage = 10 volts. Each unit tested separately with electrodes of opposite unit grounded.

• With external and internal shield connected to ground.

OPERATING NOTES

The maximum ratings in the tabulated data for the 5726 are limiting values above which the serviceability of the 5726 may be impaired from viewpoint of life and satisfactory performance. Therefore, in order not to exceed these absolute ratings, the equipment designer has the responsibility of determining an average design value for each rating below the absolute value of that rating by an amount such that the absolute values will never be exceeded under any usual condition of supply-voltage variation, load variation, or manufacturing variation in the equipment itself.

