

SHARP - CUTOFF PENTODE TYPES 3CF6, 4CF6 AND 6CF6

The 3CF6, 4CF6 and 6CF6 are 7-pin miniature sharp-cutoff pentode types designed for service as intermediate-frequency amplifiers in television receivers. They feature high transconductance with low interelectrode capacitance. Separate pins are provided for grid 3 and the cathode to permit the use of an unbypassed cathode resistor to minimize the effects of regeneration.

The 3CF6 and 4CF6 have been designed for use in receivers which employ series connected heaters especially in television receivers where the picture-tube heater is in series with other heaters. When each is employed in this type of circuit with other tubes similarly designed having the same heater current rating, heater voltage surges across individual tubes are minimized inasmuch as heater warm-up characteristic is controlled.

ELECTRICAL:

Cathode.....	Coated Unipotential		
Heater:	3CF6	4CF6	6CF6
Voltage (ac or dc)	3.15	4.2	6.3 ± 10% Volts
Current	0.60 ± 6%	0.45 ± 6%	0.30 Ampere
Warm-up Time ▲	11	11	-- Seconds
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Unshielded):			
Grid 1 to Plate	0.025	max.	μμf
Input	6.5		μμf
Output	2.0		μμf

MECHANICAL:

Bulb	T-5½
Base	Miniature, 7-Pin (JEDEC E7-1)
Outline	5-2
Basing	7CM
Mounting Position	Any

MAXIMUM RATINGS:

Design Maximum Values

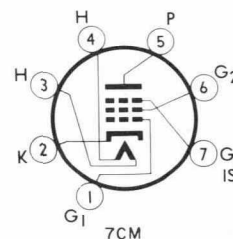
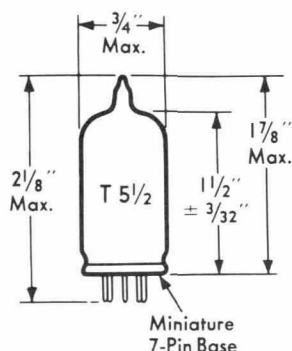
Plate Voltage	330	max.	Volts
Grid 2 Supply Voltage	330	max.	Volts
Grid 2 Voltage	See Grid 2 Input Rating Chart		
Plate Dissipation	2.3	max.	Watts
Grid 2 Input	0.55	max.	Watt
Heater-Cathode Voltage			
Heater Negative with Respect to Cathode			
Total DC and Peak	200	max.	Volts
Heater Positive with Respect to Cathode			
DC Component	100	max.	Volts
DC + Peak	200	max.	Volts

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION:

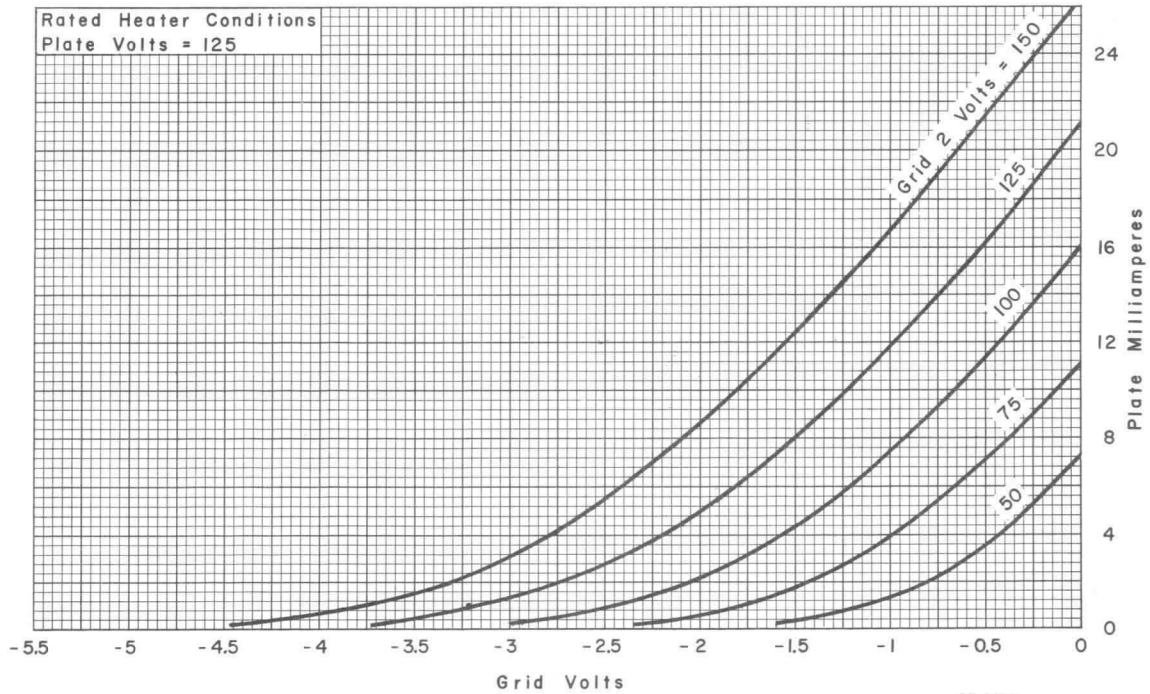
Plate Voltage	125	Volts
Grid 3 (Suppressor)	Connected to cathode at socket	
Grid 2 Voltage	125	Volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	56	Ohms
Plate Resistance (approx.)	0.3	Megohm
Transconductance	7800	μmhos
Grid 1 Cutoff Bias $\oplus$	-6.0	Volts
Plate Current	12.5	Ma.
Grid 2 Current	3.7	Ma.
Grid 1 to Cathode Voltage for		
Plate Current of 2.2 ma.	-3	Volts

$\oplus$ For plate current of 20 microamperes.

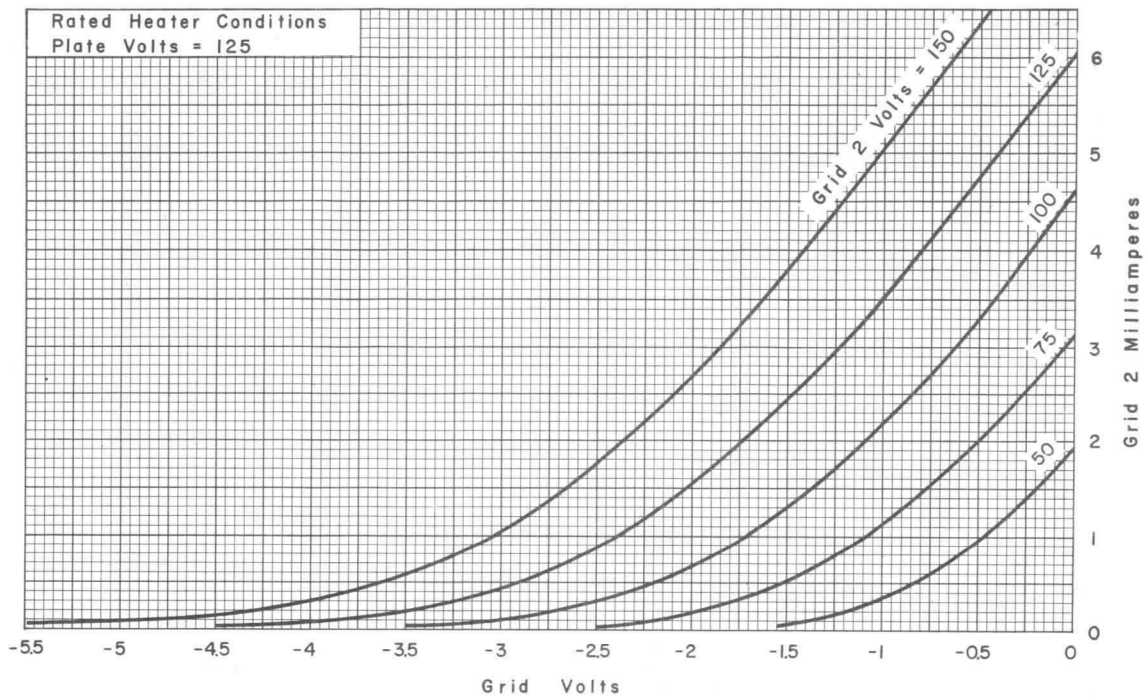
Δ Heater warm-up time is defined as the time required for the voltage across the heater to reach 80% of its rated value after applying 4 times rated heater voltage to a circuit consisting of the tube heater in series with a resistance equal to 3 times rated heater voltage divided by rated heater current.



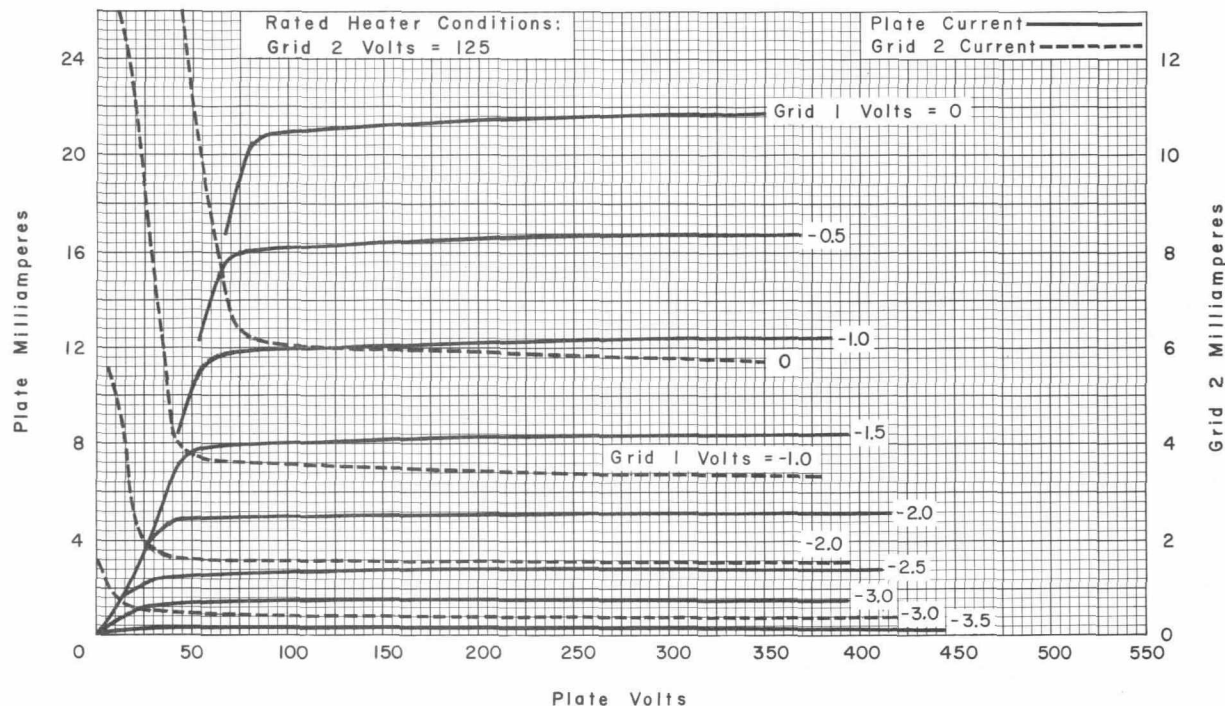
AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



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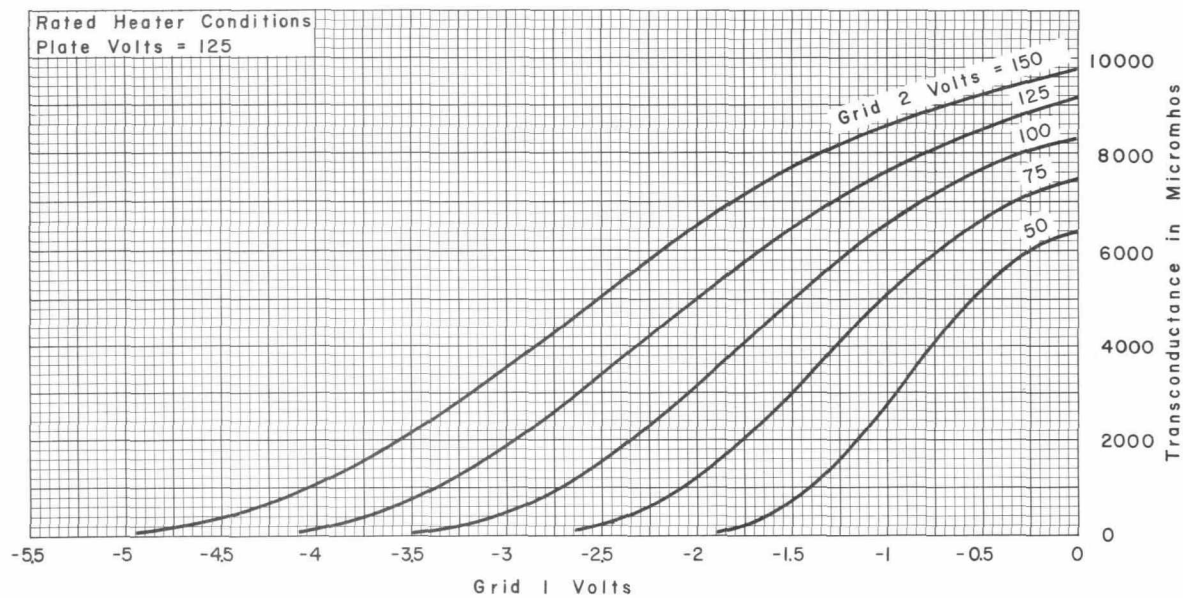


AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



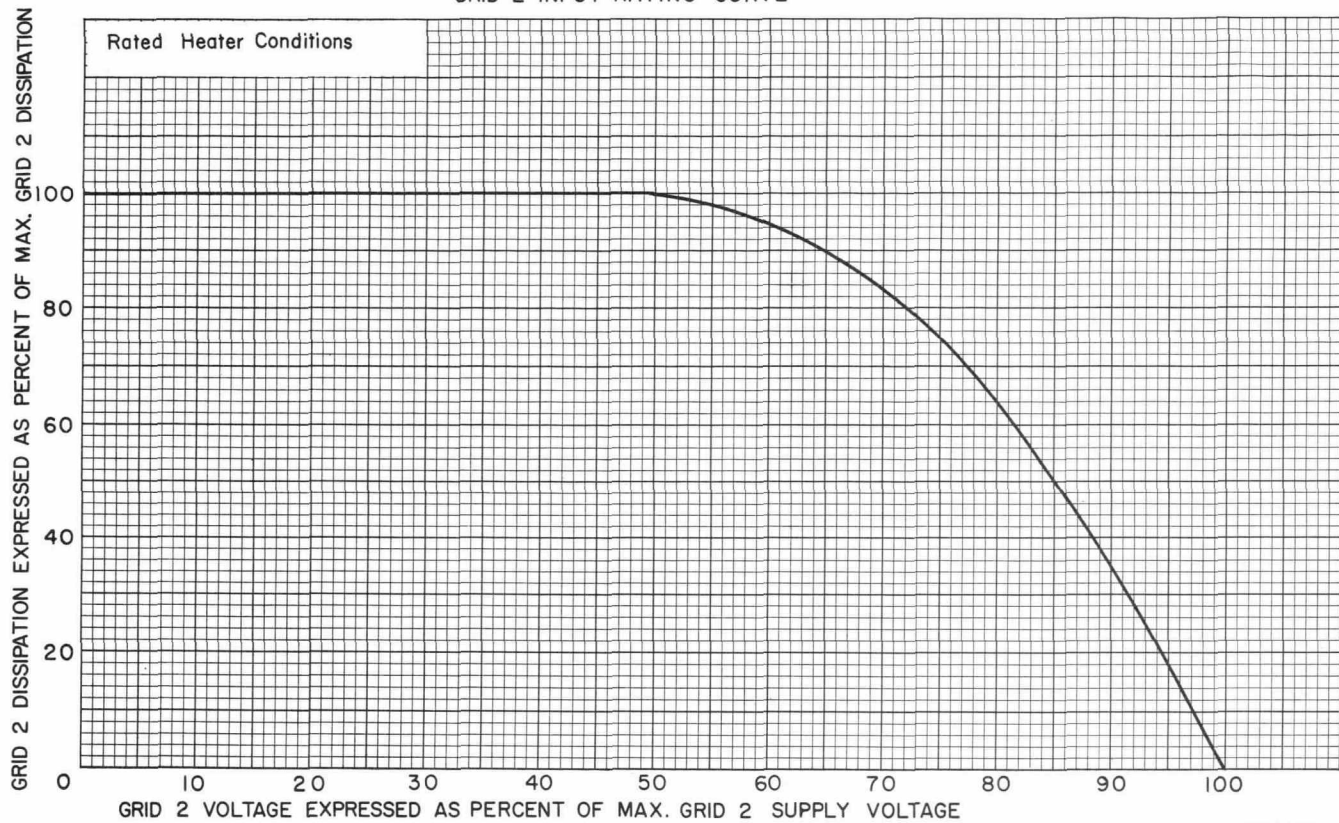
CE-A1602

AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



CE-A1605

GRID 2 INPUT RATING CURVE



CE-A1255