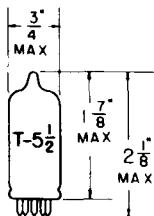


TUNG-SOL

DOUBLE DIODE

MINIATURE TYPE



GLASS BULB

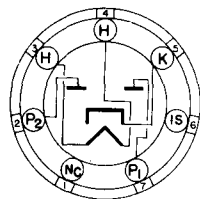
COATED UNIOPTENTIAL CATHODE

HEATER

2.1 VOLTS 0.45±6% AMP

AC OR DC

ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW

SMALL-BUTTON MINIATURE
7 PIN BASE

7 FL

THE 2EN5 IS A DOUBLE DIODE IN THE 7 PIN MINIATURE CONSTRUCTION AND IS DESIGNED FOR USE AS A PHASE COMPARATOR IN TELEVISION RECEIVERS. THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HEATER ARE CONTROLLED SUCH THAT HEATER VOLTAGE SURGES DURING THE WARM-UP CYCLE ARE MINIMIZED PROVIDED IT IS USED WITH OTHER TYPES WHICH ARE SIMILARLY CONTROLLED.

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

	WITHOUT SHIELD	WITH SHIELD ^A	
DIODE INPUT: P TO (H+K+I.S.) (EACH UNIT)	3.7	3.8	μμf
COUPLING: PLATE TO PLATE 1P TO 2P (MAX.)	1.3	3.8	μμf

^A EXTERNAL SHIELD #316 CONNECTED TO PIN #6.

RATINGS

INTERPRETED ACCORDING TO DESIGN MAXIMUM SYSTEM

HEATER VOLTAGE	2.1	VOLTS
MAXIMUM HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:		
HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE		
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	VOLTS
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE		
TOTAL DC AND PEAK	200	VOLTS
DC	100	VOLTS
MAXIMUM DIODE CURRENT FOR CONTINUOUS OPERATION (EA.PLATE)	5.0	MA.
HEATER WARM-UP TIME (APPROX.)*	11.0	SECONDS

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

HEATER VOLTAGE	2.1	VOLTS
HEATER CURRENT	0.45±6%	AMP.
DIODE VOLTAGE DROP (APPROX.) FOR $I_b = 20$ MA. (EA.PLATE)	5.0	VOLTS

*HEATER WARM-UP TIME IS DEFINED AS THE TIME REQUIRED FOR THE VOLTAGE ACROSS THE HEATER TO REACH 90% OF ITS RATED VOLTAGE AFTER APPLYING 4 TIMES RATED HEATER VOLTAGE TO A CIRCUIT CONSISTING OF THE TUBE HEATER IN SERIES WITH A RESISTANCE OF VALUE 3 TIMES THE NOMINAL HEATER OPERATING RESISTANCE.

DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS ARE LIMITING VALUES OF OPERATING AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS APPLICABLE TO A BOGEY ELECTRON DEVICE OF A SPECIFIED TYPE AS DEFINED BY ITS PUBLISHED DATA, AND SHOULD NOT BE EXCEEDED UNDER THE WORST PROBABLE CONDITIONS. THE DEVICE MANUFACTURER CHOOSES THESE VALUES TO PROVIDE ACCEPTABLE SERVICEABILITY OF THE DEVICE, TAKING RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE EFFECTS OF CHANGES IN OPERATING CONDITIONS DUE TO VARIATIONS IN DEVICE CHARACTERISTICS. THE EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURER SHOULD DESIGN SO THAT INITIALLY AND THROUGHOUT LIFE NO DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUE FOR THE INTENDED SERVICE IS EXCEEDED WITH A BOGEY DEVICE UNDER THE WORST PROBABLE OPERATING CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO SUPPLY-VOLTAGE VARIATION, EQUIPMENT COMPONENT VARIATION, EQUIPMENT CONTROL ADJUSTMENT, LOAD VARIATION, SIGNAL VARIATION, AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS.