

Brimar D13-611



**INSTRUMENT
CATHODE RAY TUBE**

BRIEF DATA

A 13 cm flat faced, single gun, spiral p.d.a. tube for medium bandwidth applications. Features include electrostatic focus, electrostatic deflection and deflection blanking. The scan voltages required for this tube can be obtained from transistorised deflection circuits. Precision engineering renders astigmatism and geometry correction potentials unnecessary in many applications. The tube may also be used as a monoaccelerator with a larger scanned area.

	(i)	(ii)	
Final anode voltage (p.d.a.)	3	4	kV
p.d.a. ratio	3:1	4:1	
*Display area	8 x 10	8 x 10	cm
Y deflection factor (D_y)	< 8.7	< 9.2	V/cm
X deflection factor (D_x)	< 16.5	< 18	V/cm

* Limited by a useful screen diameter of 12 cm.

Length 371 mm

HEATER

Heater voltage	6.3	V
Heater current	0.3	A

SCREEN

	1324Y	1346Y
Fluorescence	Green	White
Phosphorescence	Green	Yellowish-Green
Persistence	1-5 ms	10-60 s
E.I.A. phosphor code	P31	P7
GEC phosphor code	24	46
Pro Electron phosphor code	GH	GM

Other screens can be supplied to special order (see data sheet 'CRT Screens').

RATINGS (Absolute)

		Max	Min	
Fourth anode voltage	V_{a4}	7.0	1.8	kV
Third anode voltage	V_{a3}	2.5	0.8	kV
Ratio	V_{a4}/V_{a3}	4	1	
Focus voltage	V_{a2}	1.0	0	kV
First anode voltage	V_{a1}	2.2	0.8	kV
Control grid voltage	$-V_{g1}$	200	1.0	V
Blanking plate to first anode voltage	V_{g2-a1}	+200	-200	V
Y plate to third anode voltage	V_{y-a3}	500	—	V
X plate to third anode voltage	V_{x-a3}	500	—	V
Grid to cathode circuit resistance	R_{g1-k}	1.5	—	M Ω
Y deflector plate circuit resistance	R_{y-a3}	100	—	k Ω
X deflector plate circuit resistance	R_{x-a3}	500	—	k Ω
p.d.a. spiral resistance		—	75	M Ω

Voltage ratings are to cathode unless otherwise shown.

CAPACITANCES (Typical)

Heater-cathode to all other electrodes	3.3	pF
Control grid to all other electrodes	8.0	pF
Blanking plate to all other electrodes	11.0	pF
Deflector plates y1 to y2	1.5	pF
Deflector plates y1 to all electrodes except y2	5.0	pF
Deflector plates y2 to all electrodes except y1	5.5	pF
Deflector plates x1 to x2	2.0	pF
Deflector plates x1 to all electrodes except x2	6.2	pF
Deflector plates x2 to all electrodes except x1	6.2	pF

EQUIPMENT DESIGN RANGE

		Max	Min	
Focus voltage	V_{a2}	400	175	V/k V_{a3}
Control grid voltage for spot cut-off	$-V_{g1}$	75	35	V/k V_{a1}
Blanking voltage	V_{g2-a1}	+65	—	V/k V_{a1}
Y deflection factor	D_y (at $V_{a4}/V_{a3} = 4$)	9.2	7.5	V/cm/k V_{a3}
X deflection factor	D_x (at $V_{a4}/V_{a3} = 4$)	18	13	V/cm/k V_{a3}
Y deflection factor	D_y (at $V_{a4}/V_{a3} = 3$)	8.7	7.0	V/cm/k V_{a3}
X deflection factor	D_x (at $V_{a4}/V_{a3} = 3$)	16.5	12	V/cm/k V_{a3}
Astigmatism correction voltage	V_{a3}	+50	-50	V/k V_{a3}
Pattern correction voltage	V_s	+50	-50	V/k V_{a3}

TYPICAL OPERATION (All operating potentials are with respect to cathode)

	(i)	(ii)	
Fourth anode voltage V_{a4}	3	4	kV
Third anode voltage V_{a3}	1	1	kV
Focus voltage V_{a2}	175-400	175-400	V
First anode voltage V_{a1}	1	1	kV
Control grid voltage for spot cut-off $-V_{g1}$	35-75	35-75	V
Nominal blanking plate voltage V_{g2}	1	1	kV
Nominal geometry correc- tion voltage V_s	1	1	kV
Maximum y deflection factor . D_y	8.7	9.2	V/cm
Maximum x deflection factor . D_x	16.5	18.0	V/cm

DISPLAY CHARACTERISTICS (Typical Operation)

Minimum Scanned Area	(i)	(ii)	
X axis	10.5	10	cm
Y axis	8.4	8	cm

This area will be centred on a point which is within 3 mm of the centre of the tube face. The undeflected spot will lie within a 14 mm square at the centre of the tube face.

†Astigmatism Correction

Adjustment of the potential on $a3$ relative to the y plate mean potential may be used for the purpose of astigmatism correction. A range of adjustment of $\pm 50V/kV_{a3}$ should be allowed for this purpose.

†Pattern Correction

Barrel or pincushion distortion may be minimised by the application of the appropriate potential to s with respect to the x plate mean potential. A range of adjustment of $\pm 50V/kV_{a3}$ should be allowed for this purpose. Astigmatism and pattern correction potentials are quoted for the condition where the x plate mean potential is equal to the y plate mean potential. If in any application, a difference between x and y plate mean potentials is unavoidable it is recommended that this difference should be kept to a minimum.

† In many applications these correction potentials will be unnecessary.

Beam Blanking

At a beam current of $10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$, a potential of $+65\text{V}/kV_{a1}$ with respect to $a1$ applied to the blanking electrode $g2$, will completely cut off the beam. This electrode should not be used as a brightness control.

Pattern Distortion

With pattern correction applied the edges of a test raster will lie between two concentric rectangles $100 \times 60\text{ mm}$ and $97.5 \times 58.5\text{ mm}$. The angle between the x and y axes will be $90^\circ \pm 1^\circ$.

Deflection Linearity

The deflection factor for a deflection of less than 75% of useful scan will not differ from that for a deflection of 25% by more than 2%.

MONOACCELERATOR OPERATION (Simple circuit)

First and third anode voltage	V_{a1} $a3$	2	kV
Focus voltage	V_{a2}	350–800	V
Control grid voltage for spot cut-off	$-V_{g1}$	70–150	V
Maximum y deflection factor	D_y	13	V/cm
Maximum x deflection factor	D_x	21	V/cm
Minimum scanned area x axis		11.5	cm
y axis		10	cm

The CT8 contact and pins 5, 6, 9 and 11 must all be connected to each other when the tube is used in this way except where separate potentials are applied as previously described.

MOUNTING

The tube may be mounted in any position but should not be supported by the base alone. It should, preferably, be held in a suitable rubber mask at the screen and by a clamp round the magnetic shield near the base. The socket should have sufficient freedom of movement to accommodate overall length and base orientation tolerances.

BASE CONNECTIONS

Base : B 12 F

Side contact (CT8) : a4

Pin 1 : g1
2 : hk
3 : h
4 : a2
5 : g2
6 : a3

Pin 7 : y1
8 : y2
9 : s
10 : x1
11 : a1
12 : x2

WEIGHT

The weight of the tube alone is approximately 1.0 kg.

MAGNETIC SHIELDING

A suitable magnetic shield may be obtained from Magnetic Shields Ltd.,
Headcorn Road, Staplehurst, Tonbridge, Kent.

WARNING

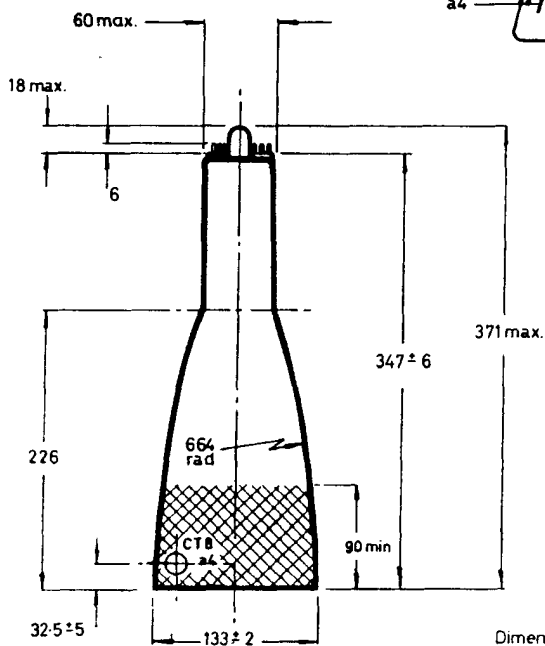
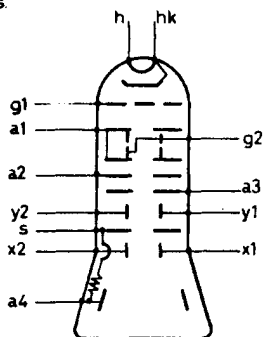
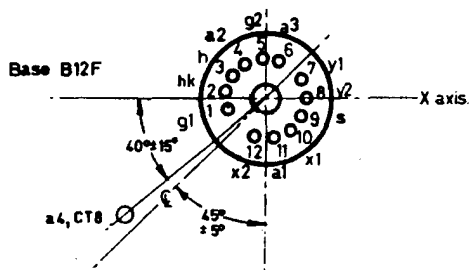
Care should be taken not to expose the tube to strong magnetic fields either
in use or during storage.

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OUTLINE

1062



Dimensions in mm.